

CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND

May 7, 2015 Regular Business Meeting Agenda 25510 Lawson St., Black Diamond, Washington

7:00 P.M. - CALL TO ORDER, FLAG SALUTE, ROLL CALL

APPOINTMENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, PROCLAMATIONS AND PRESENTATIONS:

Presentation – Committee to End Homelessness – Ellie Wilson-Jones and Mark Putnam

CONSENT AGENDA:

- 1) Claim Checks May 7, 2015, No. 42193 through No. 42259 and EFTs in the amount of \$109,368.61
- 2) Minutes Council Meeting of April 16, 2015 and Work Session of March 12, 2015

PUBLIC COMMENTS: Persons wishing to address the City Council regarding items of new business are encouraged to do so at this time. When recognized by the Mayor, please come to the podium and clearly state your name and address. Please limit your comments to 3 minutes. If you desire a formal agenda placement, please contact the City Clerk at 360-886-5700. Thank you for attending.

PUBLIC HEARINGS:

UNFINISHED BUSINESS:

NEW BUSINESS:

3)	AB15-036 – Ordinance Removing and Replacing BDMC 18.14 with New Language	Ms. Morris
4)	AB15-037 - Resolution Authorizing Contract with Susan Drummond	Mr. Williamson
5)	AB15-038 – Resolution Adopting New General Fee Schedule	Ms. Miller

6) **AB15-039** – Resolution Authorizing Approval of Grant Application for CDBG Funds Mr. Boettcher

DEPARTMENT REPORTS:

Police – Chief Kiblinger

MAYOR'S REPORT:

COUNCIL REPORTS:

- A. Council Standing Committees and Regional Committees
 - Councilmember Deady Chair Public Safety Committee; Budget, Finance and Administration Committee; Domestic Violence Committee
 - Councilmember Morgan Planning and Community Service Committee; Cemetery and Parks Committee; Water Resource Inventory Area Committee (WRIA 9)

- Councilmember Edelman Chair Budget, Finance, Administration Committee; Chair Planning and Community Service Committee; Public Issues Committee (PIC)
- Councilmember Goodwin Cemetery and Parks Committee; Public Works Committee
- Councilmember Taylor, Chair Public Works Committee; Public Safety Committee

A	TTC	RNEY	REPO	RT:

PUBLIC COMMENTS:

ADJOURNMENT:

CITY COUNCIL AGENDA BILL

City of Black Diamond Post Office Box 599 Black Diamond, WA 98010

ITEM INFORMATION				
SUBJECT: Land Use and Zoning;	A	Agenda Date: May 7, 2015	AB15-036	
Processing of Project Permit		Mayor Carol Benson		
Applications, vesting		City Administrator		
AB15-036		City Attorney Carol Morris	Cam 4/30	
		City Clerk – Brenda L. Martinez		
	1.	Com Dev/Nat Res –		
		Finance – May Miller		
		MDRT/Ec Dev – Andy Williamson		
Cost Impact (see also Fiscal Note): \$0.00		Police - Chief Kiblinger		
Fund Source:		Public Works – Seth Boettcher		
Timeline:		Court - Stephanie Metcalf		
Agenda Placement: Mayor □ Two Co	Agenda Placement: Mayor Two Councilmembers Committee Chair City Administrator			
Attachments: Proposed Ordinance	e;	YarrowBay Comments; C.	Morris Memo	
	-			

SUMMARY STATEMENT:

I. Background. The City of Black Diamond has adopted a code that allows every "project permit application" to be subject to the vested rights doctrine. BDMC Section 18.14.030(A). This means that when a complete project permit application is submitted to the City, it must be reviewed under the zoning and other land use control ordinances in effect at that time. "Project permits" are "any land use or environmental permit or license required from the city for a project action, including building permits, subdivisions, binding site plans, planned unit developments, conditional uses, shoreline substantial development permits, site plan review, permits or approvals required by sensitive area or critical area ordinances, master planned developments and site specific rezones authorized by a comprehensive plan or subarea plan." BDMC Section 18.14.010>

This is an **extremely liberal** vested rights policy, and is, to the City Attorney's knowledge, totally unique in the State of Washington. Most cities do not have any provisions in the code relating to vesting, and instead rely upon state law (RCW 58.17.033 for preliminary and short plats; RCW 19.27.095 for building permits) or case law to determine whether an application is subject to the vested rights doctrine. Washington and only a few other states are in the minority in recognizing certain applications to vest at the time of complete application. Therefore, (unless there is some other city with a similar vested rights provision) the effect of Black Diamond's vested rights code is absolutely the most advantageous to developers in the State of Washington.

The Washington courts have held that "development interests and due process rights protected by the vested rights doctrine come at a cost to the public interest. . . . If a vested right is too easily granted, the public interest is subverted." *Erickson & Associates, Inc. v. McLerran,* 123 Wash.2d 864, 874, 872 P.2d 1090 (1994). A recent case has also narrowed the application of the vested rights doctrine in cities without a code like Black Diamond's. *Potala Village v. Kirkland,* 183 Wash. App. 191, 334 P.3d 1143 (2014).

Based on the above, an ordinance was drafted to eliminate this vested rights policy in Black Diamond, which would mean that state law (statutory or case law) would apply to determine whether a particular

type of application was subject to the vested rights doctrine. In a letter dated March 10, 2015, Yarrow Bay commented to the Planning Commission by providing a document prepared by the Municipal Research Services Center (MRSC), claiming that this document proves that my position in drafting this ordinance was erroneous, as "city or county policies may grant broader vested rights than explicitly set forth in state law."

However, there is no dispute on this point. The *Erickson* court made it clear that cities and counties had the ability to adopt their own vested rights policies. In drafting an ordinance eliminating the Black Diamond policy which allows **all project permit applications** to vest, I have not stated that the current policy is illegal. I am recommending that such a broad vested rights policy be eliminated because the City Council should consider the rights of all members of the public, and not provide such a favorable advantage to developers – an advantage that is likely unprecedented in the State of Washington.

The proposed ordinance allows vesting to be determined by applicable law and does not adopt a Black Diamond policy on the issue whether any project permit application is subject to the vested rights doctrine. Again, this is how most cities and counties address vesting.

The proposed ordinance also includes a process that allows the City to determine that once the City has requested additional information from an applicant, and the information is not forthcoming within 90 days, the City can take steps to determine that the application has expired for lack of information. (Section 18.14.020(G)(2).) In addition, the proposed ordinance also addresses a problem that has occurred in a number of jurisdictions, where the applicant asks that the City "hold" a complete application and not process it for an indefinite period of time. Because the City is required to process certain applications to a final decision within a specific deadline, the City staff cannot "hold" applications to suit the convenience of developers. (Section 18.14.020(H).) The proposed ordinance establishes a deadline for materials to be submitted prior to the time a decision is made on the application or before a public hearing on the application. (Section 18.14.030.) This is designed to address the problem where materials are submitted by an applicant at the very last minute, which could mean that the public comes to the public hearing without complete information, and the staff hasn't had an opportunity to include such information in the staff report (or otherwise provide a response at the public hearing). The proposed ordinance addresses the situation where the developer may make changes to the application while the application is being processed. (Section 18.14.040.) Finally, the proposed ordinance addresses expiration of permits. (Section 18.14.050.)

In its letter to the Planning Commission, Yarrow Bay complains that "the City appears to require that all documents and evidence in support of an application and relied upon by the applicant for approval be submitted no more than 7 days after issuance of a notice of application. This is inconsistent with the 14-day comment period following a notice of application as set forth in BDMC 18.08.120(B)(7)." Here is the pertinent language from Section 18.14.030: "All documents and other evidence in support of an application and relied upon by the applicant for approval shall be submitted to the Community Development Director no more than seven days after the City issues the notice of application or the notice of public hearing on the application." So, the proposed ordinance is not inconsistent with the existing code where a public hearing will be held on the application. The consequences for the applicant's failure to submit the documents within this time frame is that it "may be too late to include [such late materials] with or to integrate in the staff report and staff's evaluation of the application." *Id.*

Yarrow Bay wants the City to allow "for a time period after public comment periods are submitted (sic) in which an applicant could submit responses to such comments or modify its application accordingly." Here is the short answer to this concern: if the developer wants to submit additional information or comments in response to public comments after the deadline, it can do so. However, if there is no cutoff for the submission of materials, no one but the developer will be prepared for the public hearing. The

new information will not be in the staff report, it will likely arrive on the hearing examiner's desk on the night of the hearing and be delivered to the public at the same time. With regard to the developer's choice to modify its application, there is absolutely no prohibition on this. The developer can do so at any time, so this concern is misplaced.

- II. Planning Commission. The Planning Commission held a hearing on this on April 7, 2015. The Planning Commission's recommendation was that the City Council clarify which applications vest, standardize the criteria for deeming a permit application complete and better define the timeframes associated with granting extensions for specific permit types.
- III. Recommendation. Adoption of the proposed ordinance is recommended for the reasons set forth above. At this point in time, the City Attorney does not recommend that the City adopt its own local rule as to which permit applications vest, because vesting is addressed by existing law (statutory and case law). This ordinance does not address the criteria for determining whether an application is complete. The City is required to list all of the elements of a complete application in the code, for each different type of permit. This ordinance does not address those criteria, it only describes the procedure to be followed by the staff to determine whether the application is complete. Finally, the timeframes for granting extensions for permits are addressed in the ordinance, to the extent that extensions are not addressed elsewhere in the code. As you know, the City's code needs a substantial overhaul, and this is the type of change that is better addressed when each new chapter is adopted.

FISCAL NOTE (Finance Department):

COUNCIL COMMITTEE REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION:

RECOMMENDED ACTION: MOTION to adopt AN ORDINANCE OF BLACK DIAMOND, WASHINGTON, RELATING TO PROJECT PERMIT PROCESSING, REPEALING THE CITY'S REGULATIONS ON VESTING, ADDING DEFINITIONS, DESCRIBING THE PROCEDURE FOR DETERMINING THE COMPLETENESS OF A PROJECT PERMIT APPLICATION, DESCRIBING THE EFFECT OF A **DETERMINATION THAT** THE APPLICATION IS COMPLETE/INCOMPLETE, ADDING A NEW PROCEDURE THAT ALLOWS THE CITY TO DETERMINE THAT AN APPLICATION HAS EXPIRED FOR THE APPLICANT'S FAILURE TO PROVIDE THE INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE CITY AND PROHIBITING THE "HOLDING" OF APPLICATIONS BY THE STAFF FOR INDEFINITE PERIODS OF TIME, ADDRESSING EXPIRATION OF PROJECT PERMIT APPLICATIONS, REPEALING CHAPTER 18.14 AND ADDING A NEW CHAPTER 18.14 TO THE BLACK DIAMOND MUNICIPAL CODE AND SETTING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

	RECORD OF COU	JNCIL ACTION	
Meeting Date	Action	Vote	
, 2015			

CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND, WASHINGTON ORDINANCE NO. 15-1053

AN ORDINANCE OF BLACK DIAMOND, WASHINGTON, RELATING TO PROJECT PERMIT PROCESSING, REPEALING THE CITY'S EXISTING REGULATIONS ON VESTING, ADDING **DEFINITIONS, DESCRIBING** THE **PROCEDURE DETERMINING THE** COMPLETENESS OF A PROJECT PERMIT APPLICATION, DESCRIBING THE EFFECT OF A **DETERMINATION THAT** THE APPLICATION COMPLETE/INCOMPLETE, ADDING A NEW PROCEDURE THAT ALLOWS THE CITY TO DETERMINE THAT AN APPLICATION HAS EXPIRED FOR THE APPLICANT'S FAILURE TO PROVIDE THE INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE CITY AND PROHIBITING THE "HOLDING" APPLICATIONS BY THE STAFF FOR INDEFINITE PERIODS OF TIME, ADDRESSING EXPIRATION OF PROJECT PERMIT APPLICATIONS, REPEALING CHAPTER 18.14 AND ADDING A NEW CHAPTER 18.14 TO THE BLACK DIAMOND MUNICIPAL CODE AND SETTING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the City of Black Diamond is required to adopt procedures for the processing of project permit applications (as defined in RCW 36.70B.020) to conform to chapter 36.70B RCW; and

WHEREAS, RCW 36.70B.070 requires that the City establish procedures to determine the completeness of applications, which requires that the City provide a determination of completeness or incompleteness in writing to an applicant within 28 days after the submission of an application; and

WHEREAS, once the City issues a notice of incompleteness to an applicant, the applicant has the discretion to submit additional information or not; and

WHEREAS, the City desires to establish a clear process whereby an application will expire or lapse, if the applicant fails to respond to the City's notice of incomplete application by providing the requested information by a certain deadline; and

WHEREAS, although the City's existing code provisions describe a process for "lapsing" of applications, it is mixed with an interpretation of the vested rights doctrine that is not consistent with applicable law; and

WHEREAS the City's existing code includes provisions relating to the vested rights doctrine that are unnecessary and are inconsistent with state law and applicable case law (RCW 19.27.095(1) and RCW 58.17.033; *Potala Village Kirkland LLC v. City*

of Kirkland, 183 Wash. App. 191, 334 P.3d 1143 (2014) by extending the vested rights doctrine to all "project permit applications;" and

WHEREAS, the City SEPA Responsible Official determined that this Ordinance was exempt from SEPA under WAC 197-11-800(19); and

WHEREAS, there was a public hearing on this Ordinance before the Planning Commission on April 7, 2015 and the Planning Commission recommended that the City Council look to make clearer what permit applications vest, standardizing the criteria for deeming a permit application complete and better define the timelines associated with granting extensions for specific permit types;

WHEREAS, the City Council introduced this Ordinance on May 7, 2015, during a regular Council meeting: and

WHEREAS, the City Council considered this Ordinance for adoption on May 7, 2015; Now, Therefore,

IT IS HEREBY ORDAINED BY THE BLACK DIAMOND CITY COUNCIL AS FOLLOWS:

<u>Section 1</u>. Chapter 18.14 of the Black Diamond Municipal Code is hereby repealed.

<u>Section 2</u>. A new Chapter 18.14 of the Black Diamond Municipal Code is hereby added, which shall read as follows:

Permit Processing Standards CHAPTER 18.14

Sections:

18.14.010	Definitions.
18.14.020	Determination of Completeness.
18.14.030	Deadline for Submission of Materials Prior to Hearing.
18.14.040	Changes or Additions to Application During Review Period.
18.14.050	Duration of Approvals.

18.14.010 Definitions. For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:

A. "Complete project permit application" means a project permit application that meets the requirements established in the Black Diamond Municipal Code and administrative regulations needed for a complete application, including the payment of applicable fees.

- B. "Lapse" means that any project permit application submitted to the City for processing is expired and/or void under BDMC Section 18.14.050.
- C. "Project Permit" means any land use or environmental permit or license required from the City for a project action, including but not limited to building permits, subdivisions, binding site plans, planned unit developments, conditional uses, shoreline substantial development permits, site plan review, permits or approvals required by sensitive area or critical area ordinances, master planned developments and site specific rezones authorized by a comprehensive plan or subarea plan, but excluding the adoption or amendment of a comprehensive plan, subarea plan, master planned development regulations or other development regulations.

18.14.020. Determination of completeness.

- A. *Deadline*. Within twenty-eight (28) days after receiving a project permit application, the City shall mail or personally deliver to the applicant, a determination which states either: (1) that the application is complete; or (2) that the application is incomplete and exactly what is necessary to make the application complete.
- B. What must be included. If more than one application is submitted under the consolidated permit review process, the determination of completeness shall include all project permits being reviewed in a consolidated manner. To the extent known by the City, other agencies with jurisdiction over the project shall be identified in the determination of completeness. However, it is the applicant's responsibility to determine which permits are required from other agencies for a development, and to submit the appropriate permit applications.
- D. Required elements. A determination of completeness is made by the City when the application includes all of the elements identified in the development regulations in this chapter as well as the chapter relating to the individual permit/approval. The City's issuance of a determination of completeness means that the application is sufficiently complete to initiate review, even though additional information may be required by the City during processing or when subsequent application modifications are made. Issuance of a determination of completeness does not bar the City from requesting additional information or studies whenever new information is required, or substantial changes are made to the proposal.
- E. *Deemed Complete*. If a determination of completeness is not issued by the City as provided in this section and within the deadlines

established herein, the permit/approval application shall be deemed complete.

- F. Effect of Determination of Completeness or Application Deemed Complete. If an application has been determined complete or deemed complete under this section, it does not mean that the application is "vested" to the applicable development regulations in place at the time the application was determined complete or deemed complete under this section. Not all project permit applications are subject to the vested rights doctrine. An application that is "deemed complete" may not trigger vesting. The City will not make any determination whether an application is vested prior to the time that the City has determined that the application is consistent with the applicable development regulations.
- G. *Incomplete Applications*. Once the applicant receives notice of an incomplete application, the applicant has two choices. The applicant may:
- 1. Submit the information requested by the City within ninety (90) days. If the additional information is submitted within this time period, the Community Development Director shall re-initiate the process for a determination of completeness in Subsection A above, and notify the applicant within fourteen (14) days of the receipt of the additional information whether the application is complete or incomplete. If another notice of incomplete application is sent to the applicant, the process shall continue until the City issues a determination of completeness.
- 2. Fail (or refuse) to submit the information requested by the City within ninety (90) days. After this period expires, the Planning Director shall send a letter by certified mail to the applicant, informing the applicant that unless the information is received within thirty (30) days from the date of the letter, the Director will make written findings and issue a decision that the application has expired for lack of the information necessary to complete review and processing. The decision shall be sent to the applicant, and will also state that the City shall take no further action on the application, and if no arrangements are made within thirty (30) days to pick up the application materials, they will be destroyed. If the application expires under this procedure, the applicant may request a refund of the application fee remaining after the City's determination of incompleteness. A decision that an application has expired does not preclude the applicant from submitting new applications which are the same or substantially similar to the expired application.
- H. "Holding" of Applications. Applicants may not request that the City "hold" incomplete *or* complete applications in abeyance, indefinitely or for any set period of time. Once an application is submitted to the City,

it will be processed according to the timeframes in this Title to a final decision, or the applicant may withdraw the application.

18.14.030. Deadline for Submission of Materials Prior to Decision/Hearing. All documents and other evidence in support of an application and relied upon by the applicant for approval shall be submitted to the Community Development Director no more than seven (7) days after the City issues the notice of application or the notice of public hearing on the application. Documents or evidence submitted after that date shall be received by the Director, but may be too late to be considered in the decision (if no hearing is allowed before an appeal). If a hearing is allowed on the application, documents or evidence received after that date shall be received by the Director and transmitted to the hearing body, but may be too late to include with or to integrate in the staff report and staff's evaluation of the application.

18.14.040 Changes or Additions to Application During Review Period.

- A. When documents or other evidence are submitted by the applicant during the review period but after the application is determined (or deemed) complete, the assigned reviewer shall determine whether or not the new documents or other evidence submitted by the applicant significantly revise the application. Some of the factors that the City may consider as significantly revising the application include, but are not limited to, adding/subtracting from the property originally included in the application, making changes in the proposed use, expansion of any proposed structures, revisions requiring additional potable water and/or sewer, etc.
- B. If the assigned reviewer determines that the new documents or other evidence significantly change the application, the reviewer shall include a written determination that a significant change in the application has occurred. Such a determination may trigger the need for additional review and submission of additional information, including, but not limited to, revised application materials and a new SEPA Checklist. In the alternative, the reviewer may inform the applicant either in writing, or orally at the public hearing, that such changes may constitute a significant change (see subsection C below), and allow the applicant to withdraw the new materials submitted.
- C. If the applicant's new materials are determined to constitute a significant change in an application that was previously determined complete, the City shall take one of the following actions:

- 1. If the applicant chooses to withdraw the new materials which constitute a significant change in the application, the City shall continue to process the existing application without considering the new documents or other evidence; or
- 2. Allow the applicant to submit a new application with the proposed significant changes, immediately after the existing application is withdrawn. If the applicant chooses this option, the application shall be subject to an additional fee, separate review for completeness, and will be subject to the standards and criteria in effect at the time the complete new application was submitted.

18.14.050. Duration of approvals – Effect of permit expiration.

- A. Except where a different duration is established elsewhere in the Black Diamond Municipal Code or by an executed development agreement or applicable law, all project permits shall expire two years after the date of issuance if construction of the project has not substantially begun; provided, an extension of the permit may be granted as allowed under subsection B.
- B. The City may extend the date of permit expiration for permits subject to subsection A above for up to two years with good cause shown by the permittee, and as long as the permittee submits a written request at least thirty days prior to the expiration of the permit. Requests for extensions shall be submitted in writing, together with payment of a fee equal to one-half of the permit application fee in effect at the time the request for an extension is filed. The "good cause" that must be described in the written request for an extension shall include documentation of the facts supporting the permittee's claim that he/she was unable to substantially begin construction during the life of the original permit because of circumstances that were beyond the permittee's control and not foreseeable at the time of permit issuance. The permittee must also demonstrate the ability to complete the project within the extended time period.

<u>Section 3.</u> <u>Severability.</u> If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance should be held to be unconstitutional or unlawful by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance.

- <u>Section 4.</u> <u>Publication.</u> This Ordinance shall be published by an approved summary consisting of the title.
- <u>Section 5.</u> <u>Effective Date.</u> This Ordinance shall take effect and be in full force and effect five days after publication, as provided by law.

PASSED by the City Council of Black Diamond this 7Th day of May, 2015.

Mayor Carol Benson
AUTHENTICATED:
City Clerk, Brenda L. Martinez
APPROVED AS TO FORM: Office of the City Attorney
Carol Morris, City Attorney
PUBLISHED: EFFECTIVE DATE:

TO: Aaron Nix, Community Development Director

FROM: Carol Morris, City Attorney

DATE: March 13, 2015

RE: Vested Rights Doctrine

Aaron, this is a response to the November 25, 2008 Memo on the Proposed Permits Vesting Ordinance with Lapsing Provision written by Tom Guilfoil, Assistant City Attorney, with the VSI Law Group. As a preliminary matter, it should be noted that there is absolutely **no** authority cited in this memo to support this "legal analysis."

1. What is vesting?

Note that in the explanation provided here, the focus is on the **developer**. There is no mention of the effect of the vested rights doctrine on the City or the public. As the City Attorney, my focus is on the City and the public interest.

Consider that "Washington's vesting rule runs counter to the overwhelming majority rule that 'development is not immune from subsequently adopted regulations until a building permit has been obtained and substantial development has occurred in reliance on the permit." *Erickson & Associates, Inc. v. McLerran,* 123 Wash.2d 864, 868, 872 P.2d 1090 (1994). There are only a few states with a vested rights doctrine similar to Washington's, which is already **very** favorable to developers. Given that developers are given this extraordinarily favorable treatment in Washington, the City needs to ask whether it is a good idea to expand the vested rights doctrine even further within the City of Black Diamond.

"Washington's doctrine of vested rights entitles developers to have a land development proposal processed under the regulations in effect at the time a complete building permit application is filed, regardless of the subsequent changes in zoning or other land use regulations." West Main Assocs. V. Bellevue, 106 Wash.2d 47, 720 P.2d 782 (1986). As you can see, the Washington rule has nothing to do with restaurant menus and it is limited to building permits,

The vested rights doctrine **does not apply to all permits**. The ordinance drafted by VSI and adopted by the City expands this doctrine so that it applies to all permits. While the City has the authority, we need to ask whether this is in the public interest. Here is the language from the *Erickson* case:

Development interests and due process rights protected by the vested rights doctrine come at a cost to the public interest. The practical effect of recognizing a vested right is to sanction the creation of a new nonconforming use. A proposed development which does not conform to newly adopted laws is, by definition,

inimical to the public interest embodied in those laws. If a vested rights is too easily granted, the public interest is subverted.

This court recognized the tension between public and private interests when it adopted Washington's vested rights doctrine. The court balanced the private property and due process rights against the public interest by selecting a vesting point which prevents 'permit speculation,' and which demonstrates substantial commitment by the developer, such that the good faith of the applicant is generally assured. The application for a **building permit** demonstrates the requisite level of commitment. . . .

Erickson, 123 Wash.2d at 874 (emphasis added).

Based on the above, and recent case law (*Potala Village Kirkland*, *LLC v. City of Kirkland*, 183 Wash. App. 191, 334 P.3d 1143 (2014), my recommendation is that the City should recognize that two types of permits vest – building permits (under RCW 19.27.095(1) and preliminary plats (under RCW 58.17.033(1)). If the City has a binding site plan ordinance, the preliminary binding site plan should also vest.

2. Why VSI believed the expansive vesting ordinance was needed.

The explanation of the vested rights doctrine in this memo is not consistent with the case law (cited above) or state law. The Washington courts have not held that all "land use applications" have a "vested right to develop land in accordance with the land use laws and regulations in effect at the time of application." Loren Combs and the VSI Law Firm discovered that their interpretation of the vested rights doctrine was completely erroneous when their developer client submitted a site plan application to the City of Bonney Lake without a building permit, the City subsequently adopted a zoning change and then denied the project in *Abbey Road Group*, *LLC v. City of Bonney Lake*, 167 Wash.2d 242, 128 P.3d 180 (2009). The court in *Abbey Road* determined that the site plan did not vest the project and that the City of Bonney Lake's denial was proper.

Mr. Guilfoil is incorrect in his statement that "the law is also silent on when permit fees and charges vest." The Washington courts have determined that impact fees do not vest. New Castle Investments v. LaCenter, 98 Wn. App. 224, 989 P.2d 569 (1999). Water and sewer connection fees do not vest. Irvin Water District No. 6 v. Jackson Partnership, 109 Wn.App. 113, 34 P.3d 840 (2001). It is better for a city not to adopt a rule allowing impact fees to vest prior to building permit issuance because impact fees usually increase over time and rarely decrease. Therefore, it is not in the City's best interest to adopt a rule allowing a developer to vest impact fees at preliminary plat or even final plat approval.

Anyone working for a City would **never** suggest that permit fees vest because these fees must be established so that the City's administrative costs associated with the processing of the permit are reimbursed to the City. Otherwise, if the City's permit fees were "frozen" at a certain level, the City would be providing an unconstitutional gift of public funds to developers.

3. What the ordinance allowing all permits and fees to vest does.

It is true that the City is required by RCW 36.70B.080 to adopt ordinances which describe the elements of a complete application. However, there is no statutory authority that **requires** a City to adopt an ordinance which extends the vested rights doctrine beyond that already established in state law.

The City is required to issue a final decision on a project permit application within 120 days (usually) after it is determined complete. While I agree that a permit application should expire if the applicant does not provide information required to make the application complete or for continued processing, 180 days is too long. My model code has a provision addressing this.

The development agreement language is completely contrary to state law. RCW 36.70B.170(1). That is why I recommended that the development agreement sections be repealed and a new ordinance adopted. The City can't use development agreements to waive or deviate from "pesky" development regulations. Use of development agreements to "create" the development regulations that apply to a particular project avoids the public process inherent in the procedures that a GMA city must follow when adopting development regulations.

The discussion regarding grading, filling and storm water is outdated and should be disregarded as a result of *Potala Village v. Kirkland*, 183 Wash. App. 191, 334 P.3d 1143 (2014). The City should not be issuing stand-alone storm water permits anyway – an underlying development permit is required.

With regard to the discussion on suspension or revocation of permits – there are very limited circumstances under which the City can suspend or revoke a permit, once it issued. In most situations, if the property owner has violated a permit condition, the City initiates a code enforcement action. Revoking a permit is the way to ensure that the City will be immediately slapped with a damage lawsuit.

4. When other fees and charges vest.

Here, the attorney attempts to explain why the code allows impact fees to vest at three different times. However, impact fees don't vest and the City shouldn't adopt a rule allowing them to vest. New Castle Investments v. LaCenter, 98 Wn. App. 224, 989 P.2d 569 (1999). Impact fees should be paid in order to obtain a building permit. The City should not adopt provisions in the code which vest impact fees at an earlier point in time.

The VSI attorney explains that the City is free to decide when connection fees vest. Again, is there ever a situation when the City's connection fees have decreased over time? Under state law, connection fees don't vest. *Irvin Water District No. 6 v. Jackson Partnership*, 109 Wn. App. 113, 34 P.3d 840 (2001). So, it is not in the public interest to adopt an ordinance allowing connection fees to vest earlier than the date that a developer submits an request for a water or sewer connection.

If you have any other questions, please let me know. Thanks.



March 10, 2015

Planning Commission City of Black Diamond P.O. Box 599 Black Diamond, Washington 98010



Re:

Public Hearing Testimony

Planning Commission Meeting Agenda, March 10, 2015, Item 4(a)

Repealing Ch. 18.14 Vesting and Replacing it with New Language, Related to

Permit Processing and Vesting

Dear Black Diamond Planning Commissioners:

BD Village Partners, LP and BD Lawson Partners, LP (collectively "Yarrow Bay") hereby respectfully submits the following comments on the yet unnumbered draft ordinance included in the Planning Commission's March 10, 2015 packet proposing the repeal of BDMC Ch. 18.14 and replacing it with new language related to permit process and vesting, i.e. Item 4(a) on tonight's agenda. By way of these comments, please include Yarrow Bay as a party of record in the City's consideration of this new legislation and include this comment letter in the written record associated with such ordinance.

To aid in the Planning Commission's review and discussion of this new draft ordinance concerning vesting, Yarrow Bay has attached to this letter an article entitled "Vested Rights" by Municipal Research and Services Center (MRSC), a Washington State nonprofit organization dedicated to proactively supporting the success of local governments state-wide. Contrary to the assertions set forth in the recitals to the draft ordinance, and as acknowledged within MRSC's attached article, "city or county policies may grant broader vested rights" than explicitly set forth in state law.

Yarrow Bay also suggests that the Planning Commission give careful consideration to the various timeframes for permit processing and review set forth in the draft ordinance. For example, in draft Section 18.14.030 of the new ordinance, the City appears to require that all documents and other evidence in support of an application and relied upon by the applicant for approval be submitted no more than 7 days after issuance of a notice of application. This timeframe is inconsistent with the 14-day public comment period following a notice of application as set forth in BDMC 18.08.120(B)(7). Efficient and effective planning practice would allow for a time period after public comment periods are submitted in which an applicant could submit responses to such comments or modify its application accordingly.

Because it appears that the City will be making additional amendments to the current draft ordinance, we do not include here a point by point analysis. However, we do note that

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there are numerous other practical and legal issues with the current draft ordinance. Yarrow Bay looks forward to reviewing updated drafts.

Sincerely,

Colin Lund



Vested Rights

Introduction

In Washington State, the vested rights doctrine "refers generally to the notion that a land use application, under the proper conditions, will be considered only under the land use statutes and ordinances in effect at the time of the application's submission." *Noble Manor v. Pierce County*

(http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/133wn2d/133wn2dO269.htm), 133 Wn.2d 269, 275 (1997). The doctrine was originally applied by the state supreme court and in a different manner than is applied in a majority of states, where it is invoked only when substantial development has occurred in reliance on an issued permit. See https://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/053wn2d/053wn2d0125.htm), 53 Wn.2d 125, 128-30 (1958). The rationale for the Washington courts rejecting the majority approach and applying the doctrine upon permit application is to provide certainty and predictability in land use regulations. https://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/106wn2d/106wn2d0047.htm), 106 Wn.2d 47, 51 (1986) ("Society suffers if property owners cannot plan developments with reasonable certainty, and cannot carry out the developments they begin.") The Washington approach is, according to the courts, based on "constitutional principles of fairness and due process, acknowledging that development rights are valuable and protected property interests." Weyerhaeuser v. Pierce County (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/095wnapp/095wnapp0883.htm). 95 Wn. App. 883, 891 (1999).

In a major new decision clarifying the scope of the vested rights doctrine, Division I of the state court of appeals, in *Potala Village Kirkland, Llc, v. City of Kirkland (http://www.courts.wa.gov/opinions/pdf/705423.pdf)*, 183 Wn. App. 191 (2014), held that the statutory vested rights doctrine replaced, rather than supplemented, the common law (court-made) vested rights doctrine. Thus, under this decision, vested rights apply only in the context of building permit applications (RCW 19.27.095 (http://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=19.27.095)), short subdivision and subdivision applications (RCW 58.17.033 (http://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=58.17.033)), and development agreements (RCW 36.70B.180 (http://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=36.70B.180)), although city or county policies may grant broader vested rights.

The right to continue a nonconforming use despite a zoning ordinance that prohibits that use in that zone is sometimes referred to as a vested right. *Rhod-A-Zalea v. Snohomish County* (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/136wn2d/136wn2d0001.htm), 136 Wn.2d 1, 6 (1998). Though, this right in the context of a nonconforming use refers only to the right not to have the use immediately terminated in the face of a zoning ordinance that prohibits it. *Id.*

Statutory Application of Doctrine

The legislature has codified the vested rights doctrine as applied to:

Building permit applications (RCW 19.27.095 (http://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=19.27.095)):

A valid and fully complete building permit application for a structure, that is permitted under the zoning or other land use control ordinances in effect on the date of the application shall be considered under the building permit ordinance in effect at the time of application, and the zoning or other land use control ordinances in effect on the date of application.

Subdivision applications (<u>RCW 58.17.033 (http://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=58.17.033)</u>):

A proposed division of land, as defined in <u>RCW 58.17.020 (http://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=58.17.020)</u>, shall be considered under the subdivision or short subdivision ordinance, and zoning or other land use control ordinances, in effect on the land at the time a fully completed application for preliminary plat approval of the subdivision, or short plat approval of the short subdivision, has been submitted to the appropriate county, city, or town official.

Development agreements (<u>RCW 36.70B.180</u> (http://app.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=36.70B.180)):

A development agreement and the development standards in the agreement govern during the term of the agreement, or for all or that part of the build-out period specified in the agreement, and may not be subject to an amendment to a zoning ordinance or development standard or regulation or a new zoning ordinance or development standard or regulation adopted after the effective date of the agreement.

Common Law Application of Doctrine

(See discussion in Introduction of <u>Potala Village Kirkland</u>, <u>Llc, v. City of Kirkland</u>
(<u>http://www.courts.wa.gov/opinions/pdf/705423.pdf</u>)(2014), where the court held that the statutory doctrine replaces the common law doctrine.) The courts have applied the doctrine to the following:

- Conditional use or special use permit application <u>Beach v. Board of Adjustment</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/073wn2d/073wn2d0343.htm#073wn2d0343), 73 Wn.2d 343, 347 (1968); <u>Weyerhaeuser v. Pierce County</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/095wnapp/095wnapp0883.htm), 95 Wn. App. 883 (1999)
- Stormwater drainage ordinances <u>Phillips v. King County</u> (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/136wn2d/136wn2d0946.htm), 136 Wn.2d 946, 963 (1998)
- Planned unit development application, if combined with a preliminary plat application <u>Schneider Homes v. City of Kent (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/087wnapp/087wnapp0774.htm)</u>, 87 Wn. App. 774, 779-80 (1997), review denied, 134 Wn.2d 1021 (1998)
- SEPA policies <u>Victoria Tower P'ship v. City of Seattle</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/049wnapp/049wnapp0755.htm), 49 Wn. App. 755, 761-62 (1987)
- Shoreline substantial development permit application <u>Talbot v. Gray</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/011wnapp/011wnapp0807.htm), 11 Wn. App. 807, 811 (1974)
- Grading permit <u>Juanita Bay Valley Comm'ty Ass'n v. Kirkland</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/009wnapp/009wnapp0059.htm), 9 Wn. App. 59, 84, review denied, 83 Wn.2d 1002 (1973)

The courts have held that vested rights do not apply to:

Application for site development plan review, absent a building permit application - <u>Abbey Rd. Group, LLC v. City of Bonney Lake (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/167wn2d/167wn2d0242.htm)</u>, 167 Wn.2d 242 (2009)

- Impact fees <u>New Castle Invs. v. City of La Center</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/098wnapp/098wnapp0224.htm), 98 Wn. App. 224 (1999), review denied, 140 Wn.2d 1019 (2000)
- Master use permit application <u>Erickson & Assocs., Inc. v. McLerran</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/123wn2d/123wn2d0864.htm), 123 Wn.2d 864, 876-77 (1994)
- Connection fees <u>Lincoln Shiloh Assoc., Ltd. v. Mukilteo Water Dist.</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/045wnapp/045wnapp0123.htm), 45 Wn. App. 123, 128, review denied, 107 Wn.2d 1014 (1986)
- Rezones <u>Hale v. Island County</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/088wnapp/088wnapp0764.htm), 88 Wn. App. 764 (1997); <u>Teed v. King County (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/036wnapp/036wnapp0635.htm)</u>, 36 Wash. App. 635 (1984)

In addition, the courts have held with respect to the vested rights doctrine:

- Vested rights are not waivable; developer cannot selectively benefit from old and new regulations <u>East County Reclamation Co. v. Bjornsen</u> (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/125wnapp/125wnapp0432.htm), 125 Wn. App. 432, review denied, 155 Wn.2d 1005 (2005).
- Vested rights survive annexation <u>Schneider Homes v. City of Kent</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/087wnapp/087wnapp0774.htm), 87 Wn. App. 774, 781 (1997), review denied, 134 Wn.2d 1021 (1998).
- Submission of a completed plat/short plat application vests the developer with the right to both divide the property and to develop it in the manner disclosed in the application in accordance with the land use and zoning laws in effect on the date of submission of the application <u>Noble Manor v. Pierce County</u> (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/133wn2d/133wn2d0269.htm), 133 Wn.2d 269 (1997).
- Preapplication procedures that delay the vesting point until well after a developer first applies for project approval
 and that reserve almost unfettered ability to change ordinances in response to a developer's proposals violate the
 vested rights doctrine <u>West Main Assocs. v. Bellevue</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/106wn2d/106wn2d0047.htm), 106 Wn.2d 47 (1986).
- Vested rights apply regardless of the existence of an enacted but not yet effective zoning change <u>Allenbach v.</u>
 <u>City of Tukwila (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/101wn2d/101wn2d0193.htm)</u>, 101 Wn.2d 193, 197 (1984).

Significant Court Decisions

The following links to state supreme court and court of appeals decisions address vested rights in various land use contexts.

Potala Village Kirkland, Llc, v. City of Kirkland (http://www.courts.wa.gov/opinions/pdf/705423.pdf), 183 Wn.
 App. 191 (2014) - shoreline substantial development permit

The court held that that the filing of an application for a shoreline substantial development permit, without filing an application for a building permit, does not vest rights to zoning or other land use control ordinances. The court held that, since RCW 19.27.095(1) does not include shoreline substantial development permits, the legislature intended that the vested rights doctrine would not extend to such permits. The court relied on the state supreme court's recent statement in Town of Woodway v. Snohomish County (http://www.courts.wa.gov/opinions/pdf/884056.pdf), 180 Wn.2d 165 (2014), "While it originated at common law, the vested rights doctrine is now statutory." The court rejected the argument that the vested rights statutes - RCW 19.27.095 (building permits), RCW 58.17.033 (subdivisions), and RCW 36.70B.180 (development agreements) - supplement common law vesting, concluding rather that they replaced the common law doctrine.

<u>Town of Woodway v. Snohomish County (http://www.courts.wa.gov/opinions/pdf/884056.pdf)</u>. 180 Wn.2d 165 (2014) - vesting despite SEPA noncompliance

The vested rights doctrine applies to permit applications filed under plans and regulations that were later found to be noncompliant with SEPA. Local land use plans and development regulations enacted under the Growth Management Act are presumed valid upon adoption. Should a valid plan or regulation later be found to violate SEPA, the exclusive remedies provided by the GMA affect only future applications for development - not development rights that have already vested.

 <u>Lauer v. Pierce County</u> (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/173wn2d/173wn2d0242.htm), 173 Wn.2d 242 (2011), overruling <u>Lauer v. Pierce County</u> (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/157wnapp/157wnapp0693.htm), 157 Wn. App. 693 (2010) - building permit application containing misrepresentations does not vest

The court concluded that the applicant's 2004 building permit application, which contained knowing misrepresentations and omissions of material fact, did not vest because it was not valid and did not comply with the regulations in place at the time it was submitted. The fact that the application was deemed complete as under RCW 36.70B.070(4)(a), because the county did not provide a written determination of incompleteness to the applicant within 28 days of submission, does not mean the application vests under RCW 19.27.095. To vest under that statute, a building permit application must be "valid and fully complete," which this application was not.

Kelly v. Chelan County (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/157wnapp/157wnapp0417.htm), 157 Wn.
 App. 417 (2010) - application incompatible with the comp plan does not vest

Where a local jurisdiction's code authorizes the issuance of a conditional use permit only if the proposed development is compatible with the jurisdiction's comprehensive plan, an application for a conditional use permit does not vest the developer with the right to develop the property in the manner disclosed in the application according to the land use laws and regulations in effect on the date the application was filed if the proposed development is incompatible with the comprehensive plan.

<u>Deer Creek Developers, LLC v. Spokane County</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/157wnapp/157wnapp0001.htm), 157 Wn. App. 1 (2010) - site plan review and vesting

A developer does not have a due process right to the vesting of development rights under existing land use laws and regulations upon the filing of an application for site plan review if, under applicable laws and regulations, site plan review approval is not a prerequisite to the submission of a building permit application and the developer is not prohibited from filing a building permit application at the same time the site plan application is filed.

<u>Abbey Rd. Group, LLC v. City of Bonney Lake</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/167wn2d/167wn2d0242.htm), 167 Wn.2d 242 (2009) - site plan review and vesting

After the developer applied for site development plan review but before applying for a building permit, the city council passed an ordinance rezoning the subject property to a zoning category that precluded the sort of multifamily development the developer sought to construct. Concluding that *Erickson & Assocs., Inc. v. McLerran*, 123 Wn.2d 864 (1994), was controlling and upholding a prior court of appeals decision, the state supreme court held that the developer, having failed to file a building permit application, did not have vested rights in the prior zoning. The court determined that the developer was not prohibited by the city code from submitting a building permit application at the same time as applying for site development plan review.

<u>East County Reclamation Co. v. Bjornsen</u>
 (<u>http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/125wnapp/125wnapp0432.htm/</u>, 125 Wn. App. 432, review denied, 155 Wn.2d 1005 (2005) - can't waive vested rights

Vested rights are not waivable; a developer cannot selectively benefit from old and new regulations. If an applicant wishes to take advantage of a change in the law allowing a previously prohibited use, it may do so by withdrawing its original application and submitting another, but it may not select which laws will govern its application.

Westside Bus. Park, LLC v. Pierce County
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/100wnapp/100wnapp0599.htm)
 100 Wn. App. 599, review denied, 141 Wn.2d 1023 (2000) - short plat application vesting

Because the county accepted the developer's short plat application as complete and knew of the developer's intended use for the plat, RCW 58.17.033 vested the developer's right to have the storm water drainage ordinance in effect at the time of its short plat application apply to that application.

New Castle Investments v. City of La Center
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/098wnapp/098wnapp0224.htm)
 98 Wn. App. 224 (1999)
 review denied, 140 Wn.2d 1019 (2000) - no vesting for impact fees

RCW 58.17.033 does not apply to transportation impact fees of a city because they do not fall within the definition of "land use control ordinances."

<u>Weyerhaeuser v. Pierce County</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/095wnapp/095wnapp0883.htm, 95 Wn. App. 883 (1999) - conditional use permit vesting

A developer's submission of an application for a conditional use permit vests the developer with the right to use and develop the property in the manner disclosed in the application according to the land use laws and regulations in effect on the date the application was filed.

Phillips v. King County (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/136wn2d/136wn2d0946.htm), 136 Wn.2d
 946 (1998) - surface water drainage code vesting

Although a new surface water drainage code was adopted by King County in 1990, it did not apply to the challenged project because the project was vested to the prior code pursuant to RCW 58.17.033.

Rhod-A-Zalea v. Snohomish County
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/136wn2d/136wn2d0001.htm), 136 Wn.2d 1 (1998) –
 nonconforming uses and vesting

While nonconforming uses cannot be prohibited under new zoning ordinances, they are still subject to reasonable regulations under a local government's police power to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.

Noble Manor v. Pierce County (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/133wn2d/133wn2d0269.htm), 133
 Wn.2d 269 (1997) - subdivision vesting

Under RCW 58.17.033, a developer's submission of a completed short plat application vests the developer with the right to divide the property and develop it in the manner disclosed in the application according to the land use and zoning laws in effect on the date of submission.

Hale v. Island County (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/088wnapp/088wnapp0764.htm), 88 Wn.
 App. 764 (1997) - rezone procedure and vesting

The county had established a two-step rezone process, and the developer obtained preliminary approval (the first step) for a rezone. Before final approval, the growth management hearings board invalidated the zoning provisions under which preliminary approval had been granted. The court held that when local regulations provide that a rezone may be granted under a two-step procedure involving (1) preliminary use approval and (2) final site plan approval, a rezone applicant's rights vest upon preliminary use approval if preliminary use approval binds the local jurisdiction to the rezone decision. Under RCW 36.70A.250, a growth management hearings board may invalidate land use regulations prospectively only.

<u>Schneider Homes v. City of Kent</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/087wnapp/087wnapp0774.htm), 87 Wn. App. 774 (1997), review denied, 134 Wn.2d 1021 (1998) - vested rights survive annexation

When the developer submitted its preliminary plat application to the county, it became entitled to have not only that application, but also its companion PUD application, considered under the county ordinances then in effect, and even though the land was annexed by a city in the interim.

<u>Thurston County Rental Owners Assn. v. Thurston County</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/085wnapp/085wnapp0171.htm), 85 Wn. App. 171, review denied, 132 Wn.2d 1010 (1997) - construction permit for septic system

A construction permit to build a new septic system does not allow an owner to use the system where the board of health also requires septic system owners to obtain operation permits in order to use their systems. Because a construction permit alone does not authorize the use of a septic system, requiring an operation permit does not deprive owners of a vested right.

<u>Matson v. Clark County Bd. of Comm'rs</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/079wnapp/079wnapp0641.htm), 79 Wn. App. 641 (1995) - interim zoning controls and moratoriums

The adoption of interim zoning controls and moratoriums under RCW 35.63.200 does not violate the vested rights doctrine. Although the county may not change the rules applicable to an already submitted application, it may enact a moratorium on new applications; and, in changing zoning rules, the county may enact emergency rules without a public hearing to prevent subsequent development applications from rendering the changes moot.

<u>Erickson & Assocs., Inc. v. McLerran (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/123wn2d/123wn2d0864.htm)</u>,
 123 Wn.2d 864, 876-77 (1994) - local vesting schemes

The court held that, "[w]ithin the parameters of the doctrine established by statutory and case law, municipalities are free to develop vesting schemes best suited to the needs of a particular locality." The city's master use permit process, which allows vesting either when the developer submits a complete building permit application or when the City earlier issues a master use permit without a building permit application, comports with the vested rights doctrine.

<u>Friends of the Law v. King County (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/123wn2d/123wn2d0518.htm)</u>,
 123 Wn.2d 518 (1994) - ambiguous vesting ordinance

In the absence of an ordinance specifying the requirements for a "fully completed" preliminary plat application, a developer's good faith attempt to comply with the ambiguous terms of existing ordinances may be sufficient to vest the application upon its submission under RCW 58.17.033.

<u>Adams v. Thurston County (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/070wnapp/070wnapp0471.htm)</u>, 70 Wn. App. 471 (1993) - EIS and vesting

A municipal ordinance requiring that a final environmental impact statement (EIS) be completed before a previously submitted preliminary plat application is deemed a fully completed application for purposes of determining when development rights vest conflicts with RCW 58.17.033(1), which vests development rights on the date a complete and legally sufficient preliminary plat application is submitted, and is invalid. The inclusion of an EIS as a contingent requirement for a fully completed plat application would violate the intent of RCW 58.17.033 and frustrate the purpose of the vesting rule.

<u>Valley View Indus. Park v. Redmond</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/107wn2d/107wn2d0621.htm, 107 Wn.2d 621 (1987) - exception to vesting requirement

The state supreme court applied the exception to the vested rights rule that was developed in <u>Parkridge v. Seattle (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/089wn2d/089wn2d0454.htm#089wn2d0454)</u>, 89 Wn.2d 454 (1978). The court determined that the exception applied because: (1) the developer diligently and in good faith attempted to obtain building permits; (2) city officials explicitly frustrated the developer's attempts; and (3) as a result, the developer's building permit applications were incomplete.

<u>Victoria Tower P'ship v. City of Seattle</u>
 (<u>http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/049wnapp/049wnapp0755.html</u>).

 SEPA and vesting

The court held that the vested rights doctrine applies to SEPA policies.

West Main Assocs. Inc. v. City of Bellevue
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/106wn2d/106wn2d0047.htm)
 106 Wn.2d 47 (1986) - delaying point of vesting

The city's ordinance prohibited the filing of a building permit application for any proposed project until after several approvals are obtained. The court held that the ordinance upsets the vesting doctrine's protection of a citizen's constitutional right to develop property free of the "fluctuating policy" of legislative bodies by delaying the vesting point until well after a developer first applies for project, thus reserving for the city an almost unfettered ability to change its ordinances in response to a developer's proposals.

<u>Lincoln Shiloh Assoc., Ltd. v. Mukilteo Water Dist.</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/045wnapp/045wnapp0123.htm), 45 Wn. App. 123, review denied, 107 Wn.2d 1014 (1986) - no vesting of connection charge

Vested rights that follow upon the filing of a building permit application do not apply to a utility's connection charge.

 <u>Allenbach v. City of Tukwila (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/101wn2d/101wn2d0193.html</u>, 101 Wn.2d 193 (1984) - building permit vesting

An applicant for a building permit has a vested right to have the application considered under the zoning regulations in effect at the time the application is filed, regardless of the existence of an enacted but not yet effective zoning change that makes the development a nonconforming use.

• <u>Teed v. King County (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/036wnapp/036wnapp0635.htm)</u>, 36 Wn. App. 635 (1984) - rezone

The vested rights doctrine is not applicable to a rezone request.

Parkridge v. Seattle
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/089wn2d/089wn2d0454.htm#089wn2d0454)

 (1978) - vesting exception

The court created in this decision a limited exception to the requirement of completeness of building permit applications for vesting purposes, where the developer makes diligent attempts to complete the application prior to the zoning change but is obstructed by the local government.

Ford v. Bellingham-Whatcom County Dist. Bd. of Health
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/016wnapp/016wnapp0709.htm)
 16 Wn. App. 709 (1977) - septic tank permit

A property owner has a right to obtain a septic tank permit under existing septic tank regulations when the owner makes a valid application for a septic tank permit.

• <u>Talbot v. Gray (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/011wnapp/011wnapp0807.htm)</u>, 11 Wn. App. 807 (1974) - shoreline permit vesting

Vested rights apply after the filing of an application for a substantial development permit under the Shoreline Management Act.

<u>Juanita Bay Valley Comm'ty Ass'n v. Kirkland</u>
 (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zappellate/009wnapp/009wnapp0059.htm, 9 Wn. App. 59, review denied, 83 Wn.2d 1002 (1973) - grading permit vesting

As with a building permit application, the vested rights doctrine extends to grading permits.

<u>Beach v. Board of Adjustment</u>
 (<u>http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/073wn2d/073wn2d0343.htm#073wn2d0343)</u>

 (1968) - conditional use permit

Vested rights apply after the filing of an application for a conditional use permit.

Hull v. Hunt (http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/053wn2d/053wn2d0125.htm), 53 Wn.2d 125 (1958)
 building permit application

Deviating from the majority rule, the state supreme court stated: "we prefer to have a date certain upon which the right vests to construct in accordance with the building permit." The court determined that vested rights are established upon the filing of a building permit application if it is consistent with the zoning ordinances and building codes in force at the time of application The permit applicant does not have to be the property owner for this rule to apply.

Ordinance/Code Provisions

"Within the parameters of the doctrine established by statutory and case law, municipalities are free to develop vesting schemes best suited to the needs of a particular locality." <u>Erickson & Assocs., Inc. v. McLerran</u> (<a href="http://courts.mrsc.org/mc/courts/zsupreme/123wn2d/123wn2d/

Vested Rights Rules

- Bellevue Municipal Code <u>Sec. 20.40.500</u>
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/wa/bellevue/LUC/BellevueLUC2040.html#20.40.500) Vesting and expiration of vested status of land use permits and approvals
- Blaine Municipal Code <u>Sec. 17.06.080</u>
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/wa/blaine/html/Blaine17/Blaine1706.html#17.06.080) Vesting of applications
- Chelan County Code <u>Sec. 14.08.040</u>
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/WA/ChelanCounty/html/Chelco14/Chelco1408.html#14.08.040) Application vesting
- Everett Municipal Code <u>Ch. 15.28</u>
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/wa/everett/html/everett15/Everett1528.html#15.28) Vested Rights
- Marysville Municipal Code <u>Sec. 22G.010.250</u>
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/WA/Marysville/html/Marysville22G/Marysville22G010.html#22G.010.250)
 Vesting (conditional use permit)
- Mount Vernon Municipal Code Sec. 14.05.120
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/WA/MountVernon/html/MountVernon14/MountVernon1405.html#14.05.120)

 Vesting; Sec. 15.40.140
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/wa/mountvernon/html/MountVernon15/MountVernon1540.html#15.40.140)

 Vesting (critical areas)
- Pierce County Code Ch. 18.160 (http://www.co.pierce.wa.us/DocumentCenter/View/1155#page=119) Vesting
- Redmond Community Development Guide <u>Sec. 20F.10.60</u>
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/WA/redmond/CDG/RCDG20F/RCDG20F1060.html) Vesting
- Tumwater Municipal Code <u>Ch. 15.44</u>
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/wa/tumwater/html/Tumwater15/Tumwater1544.html#15.44)

 Vesting of Development Rights
- Whatcom County Code <u>Sec. 20.04.031</u>
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/wa/whatcomcounty/html/whatco20/whatco2004.html#20.04.031) Vesting of permits
- Woodinville Municipal Code <u>Sec. 21.40.035</u>
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/wa/woodinville/html/Woodinville21/Woodinville2140.html#21.40.035) Vesting

Defining "Complete Application" for Vesting Purposes

- Burlington Municipal Code <u>Sec. 15.16.010</u>
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/wa/burlington/html/burlington15/Burlington1516.html#15.16.010) Building permit application Consideration Requirements
- Edmonds Municipal Code Sec. 19.00.025
 (http://www.codepublishing.com/wa/edmonds/html/edmonds19/Edmonds1900.html#19.00.025)
 (G) Fully complete application

Articles

• Washington's Vested Rights Doctrine: How We Have Muddled a Simple Concept and How We Can Reclaim It (http://digitalcommons.law.seattleu.edu/sulr/vol24/iss3/4/), by Roger D. Wynne, 24 Seattle U. L. Rev. 851, 2001 - This article explores many of the problems with the details of the vested rights doctrine and outlines a statutory solution to them.

Last Modified: March 04, 2015

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CITY COUNCIL AGENDA BILL

City of Black Diamond Post Office Box 599 Black Diamond, WA 98010

	ITEN	VI .	INFORMATION	
SUBJECT:		A	Agenda Date: May 7, 2015	AB15-037
AB15-037			Mayor Carol Benson	
			City Administrator	
Resolution authoriz	ing a contract with		City Attorney Carol Morris	
Susan Drummond, 1			City Clerk – Brenda L. Martinez	
			Com Dev/Nat Res –	
			Finance – May Miller	
			MDRT/Ec Dev – Andy Williamson	X
Cost Impact (see also F			Police – Chief Kiblinger	
Fund Source: MDRT	1		Public Works – Seth Boettcher	
Timeline:			Court – Stephanie Metcalf	
Agenda Placement:	Mayor Two Co	oui	ncilmembers 🗌 Committee Chair 🛚	City Administrator
Attachments: Resolu	ution No. 15-1025; Pr	rop	osed Contract	
SUMMARY STATEMENT: The City is pursuing a second connection to the Tacoma Pipe Line 5 and is in need of legal assistance City staff along with the City Attorney recommend Susan Drummond, PLLC to perform this work FISCAL NOTE (Finance Department): The full cost of Legal Assistance for the second				
connection to Tacoma Pipe Line 5 will be paid through the MDRT Consultant in the funding agreement budget.				
COUNCIL COMMITTEE REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION: Finance Committee Reviewed this contract at their April 30, 2015 meeting and recommended approval.				
RECOMMENDED ACTION: MOTION to adopt Resolution No. 15-1025, authorizing the Mayor to sign a contract with Susan Drummond, PLLC.				
	RECORD	0	F COUNCIL ACTION	
Meeting Date	Action		Vote	
May 7, 2015				
<u>*</u>				

RESOLUTION NO. 15-1025

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON AUHTORIZING THE MAYOR TO EXECUTE AN AGREEMENT FOR ATTORNEY SERVICES WITH SUSAN DRUMMOND, PLLC TO ASSIST THE CITY WITH THE SECOND CONNECTION TO TACOMA PIPELINE FIVE

WHEREAS, the City would like to have a second connection to Tacoma Water from pipe line 5; and

WHEREAS, Susan Drummond, PLLC is currently working with the City on water rights and she has the expertise and familiarity necessary to provide this assistance; and

WHEREAS, the City staff along with the City Attorney believes it is in the City's best interest and will provide cost savings to have Susan Drummond, PLLC preform this work; and

WHEREAS, the cost for this assistance is covered under the 2014/2015 MDRT budget;

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND, WASHINGTON, DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

<u>Section 1.</u> The Mayor is hereby authorized to execute an agreement for Attorney Services with Susan Drummond, PLLC to assist the City in the second connection with Tacoma Water, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND, WASHINGTON, AT A REGULAR MEETING THEREOF, THIS 7TH DAY OF MAY, 2015.

CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND:

	Octob Denocal Message	
	Carol Benson, Mayor	
Attest:		
Brenda L. Martinez, City Clerk		

AGREEMENT FOR ATTORNEY SERVICES

THIS AGREEMENT is made between the City of Black Diamond, a Washington municipal corporation (hereinafter the "City") and the Law Offices of Susan Elizabeth Drummond, PLLC, a limited liability corporation organized under the laws of the State of Washington, located and doing business at 5400 Carillon Point, Bldg. 5000, Ste. 476, Kirkland, WA 98033 (hereinafter the "Attorney").

<u>Section 1</u>. <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of this Agreement is to ensure that the City receives professional services from the Attorney in an effective, timely and cost efficient manner while ensuring that the Attorney is appropriately and fairly compensated for services rendered.

Section 2. Scope of Service. The Attorney agrees to provide legal services, as requested by the City, in connection with establishing a new point of connection to the Tacoma Regional Supply Pipeline. Work may include reviewing and responding to correspondence, legal research, and meetings/conference calls.

Section 3. Compensation. The City hereby agrees to pay Attorney for legal services at the rate of Two Hundred Twenty Dollars (\$220.00) per hour up to a not-to-exceed amount of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00). This is the maximum amount to be paid under this Agreement for the services described in Section 2 above, and shall not be exceeded without the prior written authorization of the City in the form of a negotiated and executed amendment to this Agreement. The Attorney agrees that the hourly rate charged for the Attorney's services contracted for herein shall remain locked in at the negotiated rate for a period of one (1) year from the effective date of this Agreement. Attorney agrees to use every appropriate method to contain her fees on these matters.

The charges for legal services provided will be based on actual time or based on increments which are no greater than 6 minutes. The Attorney may bill for travel time, but for no more than one hour from portal to portal during one day. No separate charges shall be paid for the following ordinary costs of doing business: local and long distance telephone costs and charges, postage, meals, clerical staff work, supplies and word processing. The City agrees to reimburse the extraordinary expenses incurred by Attorney, at cost with no mark-up as follows: legal messenger services, large volume photocopies prepared at the Attorney's office shall be reimbursed at the rate of \$.15 per page, large volume photocopies prepared by outside reproduction service shall be reimbursed at cost; computerized legal research over and above the Attorney's monthly fee shall be reimbursed at cost but only when approved in advance by the City Attorney.

Section 4. <u>Independent Contractor Status.</u> It is expressly understood and agreed that Attorney, while engaged in carrying out and complying with any of the terms and conditions of this Agreement, is an independent contractor and is not an employee of the City. The parties agree that the Attorney has the ability to control and direct the performance and details of her work, the City being interested only in the results obtained.

Section 5. <u>Billings</u>. Attorney shall submit to the Black Diamond Economic Development and Master Planned Development Review Team Director ("MDRT Director"), Andy Williamson, monthly bills for the assigned matter describing the legal services provided during the previous month. Attorney shall not bill for duplicate services performed by more than one person or for services to correct Attorney errors or oversights. Attorney shall bill for only one participant in a conference or consultation between members of Attorney's firm.

Attorney's monthly bills shall include, at a minimum, the following information for each specific matter to which such services or costs pertain: the name of the matter; a brief description of the legal services performed; the date the services were performed; and the amount of time spent on each date services were performed and by whom. In addition to providing copies of all documents as specified below, Attorney shall provide any information that will assist the City in performing a thorough review and/or audit of the billings, as may be requested by the City.

Unless the City objects to all or any portion of an invoice, the City shall pay the full amount within sixty (60) days of receipt. If the City objects to all or any portion of any invoice, it shall so notify the Attorney of the same within fifteen (15) days from the date of receipt and shall pay that portion of the invoice not in dispute, and the parties shall immediately make every effort to settle the disputed portion.

Any invoices reflecting separate charges for computerized legal research must include copies of the invoice for such computerized legal research associated with the services provided to the City.

Section 6. Advice and Status Reporting. Attorney shall provide the City Attorney and City Council with timely notice and advice of all significant developments arising during performance of her services hereunder, orally or in writing, as appropriate or as requested. Attorney shall provide the City Attorney and/or MDRT Director, Andy Williamson, with copies of all e-mails, pleadings, motions, discovery, correspondence, and other documents prepared by the Attorney, including research memoranda, or received by the Attorney unless they have been otherwise provided to the City.

<u>Section 7.</u> <u>Communications.</u> Attorney will communicate primarily with MDRT Director, Andy Williamson, and Carol Morris, City Attorney.

Section 8. Non-Assignment. The parties recognize hereto that a substantial inducement to the City for entering into this Agreement was, and is, the professional reputation and competence of the Attorney. Neither this Agreement nor any interest therein may be assigned by Susan Drummond without the prior written approval of the City.

Section 9. Indemnification and Insurance.

- A. The Attorney shall defend, indemnify and hold the City, its officers, officials, employees and volunteers harmless from any and all claims, injuries, damages, losses or suits including attorney fees, arising out of or resulting from the acts, errors or omissions of the Attorney in the performance of this Agreement, except for injuries and damages caused by the sole negligence of the City. Attorney's obligations and indemnity under this paragraph shall be effective only to the extent of Attorney's negligence. The provisions of this indemnification shall survive the termination or expiration of this Agreement. The indemnification clause is reciprocal, with City indemnifying Attorney consistent with the Attorney obligations set forth herein.
- B. The Attorney shall procure and maintain for the duration of the Agreement, insurance against claims for injuries to persons or damage to property which may arise from or in connection with the performance of the services provided by the Attorney, its agents, representatives or employees.

The Attorney's maintenance of insurance as required by this Agreement shall not be construed to limit the liability of the Attorney to the coverage provided by such insurance, or otherwise limit the City's recourse to any remedy available at law or in equity.

Minimum Scope of Insurance. The Attorney shall obtain insurance of the types and limits below:

- 1. <u>Automobile Liability</u> insurance covering all owned, non-owned, hired and leased vehicles. Coverage shall be written on Insurance Services Office (ISO) form CA 00 01 or a substitute form providing equivalent liability coverage. There must be a minimum combined single limit for bodily injury and property damage of \$1,000,000.00 per accident.
- 2. <u>Workers' Compensation</u> coverage as required by the Industrial Insurance laws of the State of Washington.
- 3. <u>Professional Liability</u> malpractice insurance, written with limits no less than \$1,000,000.00 per claim and \$1,000,000.00 policy aggregate limit.

The Attorney's insurance coverage shall be primary insurance as respects the City. Any insurance, self-insurance, or insurance pool coverage maintained by the City shall be excess of the Attorney's insurance and shall not contribute with it.

The Attorney's insurance shall be endorsed to state that coverage shall not be cancelled by either party, except after thirty (30) days prior written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, has been given to the City.

Insurance is to be placed with insurers with a current A.M. Best rating of not less than A:VII.

Attorney shall furnish the City with certificates and any amendments before providing services under this Agreement.

Section 10. <u>Licenses</u>. Attorney warrants that she is a member in good standing with the Washington State Bar, and that any license or licenses that are required in order to perform the legal services under this Agreement have been obtained and are valid.

Section 11. Termination. This Agreement may be terminated by either party upon written notice with or without cause. In the event of termination, the Attorney shall be entitled to compensation as provided for in this Agreement, for services performed satisfactorily to the effective date of termination; provided, however, that the City may condition payment of such compensation upon Attorney's delivery to the City of any and all documents, photographs, computer software, video and audio tapes, and other materials provided to Attorney or prepared by or for Attorney or the City in connection with this Agreement.

<u>Section 12</u>. <u>Notices</u>. Notices required under this Agreement shall be personally delivered or mailed, postage prepaid, as follows:

Attorney: At the office address on the first page.

To the City: City of Black Diamond

24301 Roberts Dr. P.O. Box 599

Black Diamond, WA 98010

And to: Carol Morris, City Attorney

Morris Law, P.C.

3304 Rosedale Street N.W., Suite 200

Gig Harbor, WA 98335

Notices given by personal delivery shall be effective immediately. Notices given by mail shall be deemed to have been delivered 72 hours after having been deposited in the United States mail.

Section 13. Ownership of Materials. Any and all documents, including draft documents where completed documents are unavailable, or materials prepared or caused to be prepared by Attorney pursuant to this Agreement shall be the property of the City at the moment of their completed preparation.

Section 14. Conflict of Interest. Attorney warrants and covenants that Attorney presently has no interest in, nor shall any interest be hereinafter acquired in, any matter which will render the services required under the provisions of this Agreement a

violation of any applicable state, local or federal law or any rule of professional conduct. In the event that any conflict of interest should nevertheless hereinafter arise, Attorney shall promptly notify the City of the existence of such conflict of interest.

- Section 15. <u>Time is of the Essence.</u> Attorney agrees to diligently prosecute the services to be provided under this Agreement to completion and in accordance with any schedules specified herein. In the performance of this Agreement, time is of the essence.
- Section 16. Confidentiality. Attorney agrees to maintain in confidence and not disclose to any person, association, or business, without prior written consent of the City, any secret, confidential information, knowledge or data relating to the products, process or operation of the City and/or any of its departments and divisions. Attorney further agrees to maintain in confidence and not disclose to any person, association, or business any data, information or material developed or obtained by Attorney during the term of this Agreement. The covenants contained in this paragraph shall survive the termination of this Agreement for whatever cause. This provision shall be interpreted to impose such duties only to the extent consistent with the Rules of Professional Conduct and applicable laws. This provision shall not be construed to prohibit the sharing of information as necessary to represent the City's interests, such as coordinating with technical consultants and attorneys representing other parties but on the same side as the City.
- Section 17. Amendments. This Agreement is not subject to modification or amendment, except by a written authorization executed by both the Attorney and the duly authorized representative of the City, which written authorization shall expressly state that it is intended by the parties to amend the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- <u>Section 18.</u> <u>Waiver.</u> The waiver by either party of a breach by the other of any provision of this Agreement shall not constitute a continuing waiver or a waiver of any subsequent breach of either the same or a different provision of this Agreement.
- Section 19. Severability. Should any part of this Agreement be declared by a final decision of a court or tribunal of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, invalid, or beyond the authority of either party to enter into or carry out, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remainder of the Agreement, which shall continue in full force and effect, provided that the remainder of this Agreement, absent the unexcised portion, can be reasonably interpreted to give effect to the intentions of the parties.
- <u>Section 20.</u> <u>Controlling Law.</u> The laws of the State of Washington shall govern this Agreement and all matters relating to it.
- Section 21. Whole Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire understanding and agreement of the parties. This Agreement integrates all of the terms and conditions mentioned herein or incidental hereto and supersedes all negotiations or previous agreements between the parties with respect to all or any part of the subject matter hereof.

Section 22. <u>Disputes</u>. In the event that the parties are unable to resolve any dispute regarding the performance of the legal services or this Agreement, any litigation brought to enforce the terms of this Agreement shall be filed in King County Superior Court. The prevailing party shall be entitled to recover its reasonable attorney's fees and costs from the non-prevailing party.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Attorney and the City, by the signatures below, have executed this Agreement on the dates indicated below.

DATED this day of	, 2015.
	CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND
	By:Carol Benson, Mayor
ATTEST:	
By: Brenda Martinez, City Clerk	
APPROVED AS TO FORM:	
By: Carol A. Morris, City Attorney	

Susan Drummond, Managing Member

Law Offices of

Susan Elizabeth Drummond, PLLC

CITY COUNCIL AGENDA BILL

City of Black Diamond Post Office Box 599 Black Diamond, WA 98010

ITEM INFORMATION					
SUBJECT:		Agenda Date: May 7, 2015	AB15-038		
AB15-038		Mayor Carol Benson			
		City Administrator			
Resolution authorizing a new City		City Attorney Carol Morris			
Official Fee Schedul	le as shown in	City Clerk – Brenda L. Martinez			
Exhibit A.		Com Dev/Nat Res – Aaron Nix			
		Finance – May Miller	X		
		MDRT/Eco Dev – Andy Williamson			
Cost Impact (see also F		Police – Chief Kiblinger			
Fund Source: Various F	Revenues	Public Works – Seth Boettcher			
Timeline:		Court – Stephanie Metcalf			
Agenda Placement:	•	-	City Administrator		
Attachments: Resolu	ution No. 15-1026, Ex	chibit A-2015 Fee Schedule and 2013 F	ees		
SUMMARY STATE	MENT:				
The City's Official	Fee Schedule was la	st updated on February 7, 2013 by Re	esolution No. 13-		
855 and needed to b					
	or up autou.				
Mayor Rancon Sta	ff and Finance Com	mittee members have spent considera	hla tima raviawing		
1		*	_		
1 0		chedule. The majority of the changes			
	-	as, which needed to have fees in place			
community develop	oment and Public Wo	orks costs. Some changes were also n	nade to clarify		
descriptions, add fe	es to recover cost or	restructure fees such as Grade and Cl	learing. Due to the		
amount of changes	a new Fee Schedule	is proposed in Exhibit A. This sched	ule shows the		
_		dule is also included for comparison.			
proposed new rees	. The 2015 Fee sene	date is also included for comparison.			
EICCAL NOTE (E	nanaa Danautmant).	The new Official Eas Schodule may	idea fees and		
1	<u>=</u>	The new Official Fee Schedule provi	des rees and		
revenue needed to o	cover city costs.				
			~		
		RECOMMENDATION: The Finance C			
the Fees Schedule	many times and n	most recently at their April 30, 20	15 meeting. They		
recommended appre	oval.				
RECOMMENDED A	ACTION: MOTION	V to adopt Resolution No. 15-	1026 adonting a		
RECOMMENDED ACTION: MOTION to adopt Resolution No. 15-1026 adopting a					
new City Officia	new City Official Fee Schedule as shown in Exhibit A.				
	DECORD OF COTTON				
	ı	OF COUNCIL ACTION			
Meeting Date	Action	Vote			
May 7, 2015					

RESOLUTION NO. 15-1026

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON, ADOPTING A NEW OFFICIAL CITY FEE SCHEDULE

WHEREAS, as codified in Chapter 2.62 of the Black Diamond Municipal Code, the City of Black Diamond has previously authorized and adopted an official schedule of fees that specifies the amounts to be charged for services provided by city employees and their agents; and

WHEREAS, this fee schedule is updated from time to time to add or change fees for services the city provides; and

WHEREAS, the number of changes, additions and re-organization warranted a new fee schedule to be adopted;

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND, WASHINGTON, DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

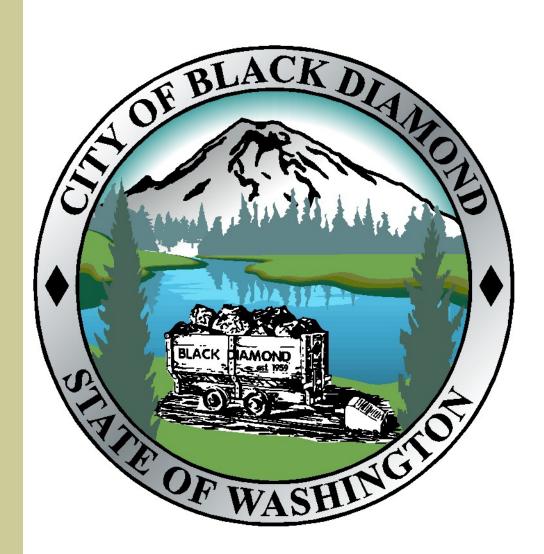
<u>Section 1.</u> The City Council hereby adopts a new Official Fee Schedule as attached hereto as exhibit A.

PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND, WASHINGTON, AT A REGULAR MEETING THEREOF, THIS 7th DAY OF MAY, 2015.

CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND.

	OH FOR BENON BINWOND.	
	Carol Benson, Mayor	
Attest:		
Brenda L. Martinez. City Clerk		

2015 FEE SCHEDULE



Adopted by Council 00/00/2015

	А	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
2				
3		POLICE		
4	Fingerprinting	Non-Resident		\$15
5		Resident		\$10
6	Electronic Monitoring-Police	Per Day, Payable In Advance		\$17/day
	Hook-up Fee	One Time Application Fee		
7		(Non Refundable		\$25
				Current IRS
8		Within 20 Mile Radius		Rate
				Current IRS
9		Outside 20 Mile Radius		Rate
10	Equipment Deposit	Refundable		\$350
11	Concealed Pistol License			
12	Original	Original License		\$52.50
13	Renewal	Valid License Renewal		\$32
		Within 90 Days After		
14	Late	Expiration		\$42
15	Replacement			\$10
16	Process Service	Civil and Court		\$25
				Current IRS
17	Mileage for process service			Rate
18	False Alarm Responses			
19		First Occurrence		None
20		Second Occurrence Per Year		\$50
21		Third or More Per Year		\$75
		No Charge For One Copy of		
		Documents Provided In		
	Discoverycopies	Compliance With Defense		
		Requests On Municipal Court		
22		Cases.		None
	Traffic Safety School	Per Class		\$200
_	Police Reports	Per Case Reports		\$.15/page
	Photographs			1-
26	·	Each		\$0.15
	CD Reproduction	Each		\$1.50
	Firearms Dealer Fee	Annual - Set by US Govt		\$125
	Firearms Clearance Letter Local Record Clearance Letter	For Foreign Countries In-House Records Check		\$15 \$15
30		Screening tee (non-		\$15
24	Work Crew	refundable)		\$25
31		Per Day, State Fee		\$25 \$15
32	Work Release	Per Day, Payable in Advance		Per Contract
33	AA OLK IVEIE03E	i ei Day, rayable ili Auvalice		r er Contract

	A	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
34		PASSPORTS		
	Passport fee check is made payable			
	to the US Department of State. The			
	execution fee check is made payable			
35	to the City of Black Diamond			
_	Passport Book			
37	Passport Fee**	Age 16 and over		\$110
38	Execution Fee	30 20 3113		\$25
39				Total \$135
40	Passport Fee**	Under age 16		\$80
41	Execution Fee			\$25
42				Total \$105
43	Passport Card			
44	Passport Fee**	Age 16 and over		\$30
45	Execution Fee	0		\$25
46				Total \$55
47	Passport Fee**	Under age 16		\$15
48	Execution Fee	S		\$25
49				Total \$40
50	Expediting Fee (Book only)			\$60
	File Search Fee			\$150
52	Overnight Delivery Return Fee			\$14.85
				Current US
53	Overnight Delivery Fee to Agcy.			Postal Rate
	**Other conditions and restrictions			
	may apply. See City Clerk's office for			
54	more details.			
55		BUSINESS LICENSES		
	Regular Business License			Initial fee \$70
56		Annual		renewal \$60
	Regular Business License Annual	Pro-rate: 50% fee reduction		
57	partial	after June 30.		\$35
58	Utility Business license	Annual		\$60
59	Penalty Late Renewal Payment	Feb. 1-28		\$10
60		Mar. 1-31		\$20
61		Apr. 1-30		\$30
				double renewal
62		May 1 and after		fee, collections
	Temporary Business License (30	per 30 day license, maximum		
63	days)	of 2 per year		\$15
64	Duplicate Business License	per copy		\$10/copy
65	Relocation/Reissue	Business moves locations		\$10
66	Business Inspection Fee	As needed - per inspections		\$75

	А	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
67	Specialty Licenses			
68	Solicitors and mobile vendors	Annual		\$70
69		Temporary (30 day)		\$50
70	Adult Entertainment	Per establishment		\$1,000
71	per establishment	Operator license		\$100
72	•	Employees license		\$50
73		UTILITIES		·
74				
75	Meter Testing Charge	One hour		\$76
	Customer Requested Turn Off	After Business Hours, 2 hour		\$175
76		minimum		
	Lifeline Utility Relief Rate	City Water, Sewer and		50%
		Stormwater only (excluding		
77		KC Metro)		
	Door Hanger charge,10 day warning			\$10
78				
79	Door Hanger w/Shut Off/Turn On	During Working Hours 8-5		\$45
80		After Working Hours		\$75
81		Holidays		100
	Meter Rental/Water Purchase	Collect Deposit, Rental fee,		Deposit \$1,000
82		and Water Purchase		
		Base Rental Fee Plus Double		Rental per day
83		the Current Water Rate		\$25
		Base Rental Fee Plus Double		Rental per week
84		the Current Water Rate		\$100
	See BDMC 13.04.280	Base Rental Fee Plus Double		Rental, per
85		the Current Water Rate		month \$250
	Non Account Water Purchase			Double out of
86				city rates
		Working hours-if prior		Time and
87	Emergency Repair	locate		Materials
				3 times Time
88		Working hours-if no locate		and Materials
		After herma if and an least		1 1/2 Time and
89		After hours, if prior locate		Materials
				3 times 1 1/2
				Time and
90		After hours, no locate		Materials
				Double Time to
91		Holidays		above rates

	А	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
92		PARKS		
93	Park Use / Special Event Permit	Fee		\$100
		Deposit required for events		Actual cost
		over 150 people - amount set		
		by size/length of event (\$500-		
94		\$10,000)		
	Gym Rental	Drop In Over 18		\$3 per person
95	•			over 18
96		Sports or Special Events		\$30 per hour
97		Contract Events		Per Contract
98				
99	Parking fee at boat launch	Per vehicle		\$5
100	Annual parking pass - Lake Sawyer	Per vehicle (non-transferable)		\$60
		Per vehicle for senior citizens		
101	Annual parking pass - Lake Sawyer	65 years and older		\$35
		Per vehicle for persons with a		
		valid State of Washington		
102	Annual parking pass - Lake Sawyer	Disable Vehicle Permit		\$35
	Lost parking pass replacement or			
103	change in vehicle			\$10
104		CEMETERY		
	Casket Burial	Coordination, Excavation;		\$1,500
		Liner and Installation; Casket		, ,
		Placement; Backfill and		
		compaction; Landscaping		
105		compaction, Landscaping		
	Tent For Service In The Rain	Set Up The Tent, Take Down,		200
100		Dry in the Warehouse		
106	Vault	2.,		Actual cost
107		Additional Charge to be		
108	Saturday Service Fee	Added to Burial Costs		\$1,000
108		Site Measurements, Location		4200
	Placement of Cremated Remains	Records, Excavation and		\$200
100		Restoration		
109	Saturday Placement of Remains	Restoration		\$350
	Plot	Per Plot		\$1,500
	Niche Purchase	reiriot		\$350
112		Open/Close; Secure and		
112	Niche Remain Placement	Record		\$100
113				4
	Headstone Placement	Excavation and Setting		\$100
		According to Cemetery		
		Standards. Normal up to 44"		
114		x 20" (880 sq. in.)		

	A	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
	Headstone Placement-Large	Lauran than 44"×20" (avananla		\$.50 Per Square
		Larger than 44"x20" (example		Inch In Excess
		45"x21") 45x21=945 sq. in.		of 880 Sq. In.
		945-880=65 65 sq. in. x		
115		\$.50=\$32.50		
	Exhumation			\$5,000 or
				Actual Contract
				Cost Whichever
116				Is Greater
117		MISCELLANEOUS FEES		
	Photocopying	iviaterials copied on the		\$.15/page
		copier on legal, letter or		7.13/ page
		ledger size paper (includes		
		packet material, ordinances,		
		resolutions, minutes,		
118		contracts, etc.		
119	Oversized Documents	per page, black & white		Actual Cost
120		per page, color		Actual Cost
	Duplication Audio Tapes/CDs	Per tape/CD		\$1.50
	CD or DVD Disk	Per disk		\$1.50
	Transcription Preparation	Staff Time		Actual cost
124		Deposit		\$300
	City Clerk Certification of			\$1
125	Documents	Per page		A stupl cost
		Doubles worsthooned Kine		Actual cost
1.00	Ving Co. Bosording Foo	Per page, pass through King County fees		from King
	King Co. Recording Fee Return check fee	county rees		County \$35
127				733
	City of Black Diamond Maps			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	oversized 18x 24 or larger		
130		(Black and White)		\$5
131		Color		\$7
132		11 x 17		\$3
	Code/Comprehensive Planning			
	Documents Reproduction			
	Zoning Code			Actual Cost
	Comprehensive Plan			Actual Cost
	Water Comprehensive Plan			Actual Cost
137	Sewer Comprehensive Plan			Actual Cost
	Engineering Design and Construction			6400
	Standards/Guidelines			\$100
	Each Section			\$10
_	Municipal Code Public Notice Boards (BDMC 18.08)			Actual Cost
	Liquor Use Permit			Actual Cost
142	Liquoi ose Permit			\$25

1 Fee Title Description 143 CITY STAFF RATES 144 All rates are per hour 145 City Administrator Assistant City Administrator/City 146 Clerk/Human Resources Manager 147 Deputy City Clerk 148 Finance Director 149 Deputy Finance Director 150 Senior Accountant Community Development 151 Director/Natural Resources Director 152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	Fee
All rates are per hour 145 City Administrator Assistant City Administrator/City 146 Clerk/Human Resources Manager 147 Deputy City Clerk 148 Finance Director 149 Deputy Finance Director 150 Senior Accountant Community Development 151 Director/Natural Resources Director 152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	
145 City Administrator Assistant City Administrator/City 146 Clerk/Human Resources Manager 147 Deputy City Clerk 148 Finance Director 149 Deputy Finance Director 150 Senior Accountant Community Development 151 Director/Natural Resources Director 152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	
Assistant City Administrator/City 146 Clerk/Human Resources Manager 147 Deputy City Clerk 148 Finance Director 149 Deputy Finance Director 150 Senior Accountant Community Development 151 Director/Natural Resources Director 152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	
146 Clerk/Human Resources Manager 147 Deputy City Clerk 148 Finance Director 149 Deputy Finance Director 150 Senior Accountant Community Development 151 Director/Natural Resources Director 152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	\$94
147 Deputy City Clerk 148 Finance Director 149 Deputy Finance Director 150 Senior Accountant Community Development 151 Director/Natural Resources Director 152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	
148 Finance Director 149 Deputy Finance Director 150 Senior Accountant	\$84
149 Deputy Finance Director 150 Senior Accountant Community Development 151 Director/Natural Resources Director 152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	\$51
150 Senior Accountant Community Development 151 Director/Natural Resources Director 152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	\$81
Community Development 151 Director/Natural Resources Director 152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	\$60
151 Director/Natural Resources Director 152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	\$54
152 Permit Technician Supervisor 153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	
153 Permit Technician 154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	\$81
154 Economic Development Director 155 Building Official/Code Official	\$54
155 Building Official/Code Official	\$47
	\$78
45 Childing Plans Evaminor	per contract
156 Building Plans Examiner	per contract
157 Fire Inspector	\$45
158 Public Works Director	\$81
159 Capital Project/Program Manager	\$68
160 Utilities Supervisor	\$76
161 Utility Operator	\$48
162 Utility Worker	\$45
163 Seasonal Worker	\$22
164 Facilities Coordinator	\$52
165 Police Chief	\$89
166 Police Commander	\$84
167 Police Officer with vehicle	\$85
168 Senior Planner	\$68
169 Information Services	per contract
MDRT Inspector/Construction	
170 Superintendent	78
171 MDRT Senior Planner	\$68
172 Clerical Staff	\$31
173 Engineer	per contract
174 City Attorney	per contract
175 Landscape Architect	per contract
176 Consultant Planner	per contract
	p c. 00.11.1000
	\$1,000 Deposit
177 Other Consultants/Contract.	Actual cost
178 Hearing Examiner Hearing Fee	\$788
179 Actual Costs	Actual Cost

	A	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
180		SIGNS/TREES/FIREWORKS	,	
181	<u> </u>			\$125-\$225
182	<u> </u>			\$105-\$205
183	•			\$145-\$245
184				\$165-\$265
185				\$407
186	<u> </u>			\$413
	Street Signs Charge	Sign Post		Actual Cost
188		Installation		\$138
-	Tree Permit	Level 1 application fee		\$267
190		Level 2 application fee		\$487
191		Exemption Review		\$110
	Fireworks Display	Plan review and inspection		per contract
192		fee		
193	Temporary Fireworks Stand	Permit fee		\$100
194		Removal bond-refundable		\$750
		LAND USE AND		
195		DEVELOPMENT		
196	Public Works-Streets			
197	Right-of-Way Use Permit	Base Amount CD Fee		60
		2 inspections and 1/2 hour		
198		City Review		\$263
199	Right-of-Way Extra Inspection	1 hour minimum		\$138
200	Right-of-Way Extra City Staff Review	1 hour minimum		\$138
	, ,	Right of Way - Work Without	!	
201	Failure to call for inspection	a Permit		
	Street Cleaning			Actual cost
	<u> </u>			
203	Right-of-Way Vacations Processing	Application Fees		\$1,000
	ULID or LID	City Costs		Actual cost
	0 = 1.5 0.1 = 1.5	J. C.		7 10 00 00 0
205		GRADE AND CLEAR CIVIL PW		
203		CHAPLAND CLLAN CIVIL FW		
	a. The Clearing and Grading permit	shall be calculated by adding		
	applicable amounts from Clearin	, ,		
206	• •	b and Ordaning I de Tables.		
	Clearing Fee Table			
207		Clearing Fee (ac)	Fee	
208		Max	Min	Max
		iviax 1	\$680	\$680
210			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
211		10	\$680	\$1,112
212		40	\$1,112	\$2,702
213		120	\$2,702	\$3,352
214	120	-	\$4,452	-

	А	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
215	Grading Fee Table			
216	Grading Volume (cv)		Fee	
217	Min	Max	Min	Max
218	0-100			No Charge
219	100	1,000	\$432	\$720
220	1,000	10,000	\$720	\$2,160
221	10,000	100,000	\$2,160	\$4,860
222	100,000			
-	b. Plan revision fee			
-	Base fee, each occurrence			\$417
-	Plus hourly fee			\$138
226		PUBLIC WORKS CIVIL		
227 228 229		Engineering Plan Review Fee Construction PermitIncludes Inspection As-Built Review Fee Engineering Alternative		\$494 (plus an additional per hour rate if review exceeds 5 hours, (Actual cost)) 3% of total cost of project \$210
230	PW	Methods Request (per item)		\$263
-	Civil Plan-Long Plat Projects PW	Engineering Plan Review Fee		\$494 (plus an additional per hour rate if review exceeds 5 hours (Actual cost))
232	PW	Engineering Permit Fee		\$1,439
	PW	Inspection Fee		3% of total cost
233		-		of project

	A	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
234		PLANNING/LAND USE		
235	Postage			Actual cost
	Preliminary Plat CD			\$2388 (Up to
				first 20 hours,
				over plus
				additional
236		Base Application Fee		hourly rate)
	See Residential Land Development			
237	Below CD	per lot charge		\$100
238	PW	Public Works-Per Lot Charge		\$100
				\$1,812 (Up to
				first 36 hours,
				over plus
	_			additional
239		Plat Alteration or Vacation		hourly rate)
240		Time Extension - 1 year		\$1,050
	Final Plat CD	Base Application Fee		\$4,238 (Up to
				the first 36
				hours
				additional
241		Engineering Deview Dev Let		hourly rate)
242	DVA	Engineering Review Per Lot		¢7.0
242		Charge		\$76 \$2,918 (Up to
	Binding Site Plan CD	Base Application Fee		first 24 hours
				additional
243				hourly rate)
243		Engineering Review-per acre		nourly rate)
244	PW	charge		\$100
-	Preliminary Short Plat CD	Base Application Fee		\$1,944 (Up to
		23307.551.000.0111.00		first 16 hours
				additional
245				hourly rate)
246	PW	Per Lot Charge		\$100
		Engineering Review-per lot		
247	PW	charge		\$300
	CD	Modified Short Plat		\$1,944 (Up to
				first 16 hours
				additional
248				hourly rate)
	Final Short Plat CD	Application Fee		\$1,040 (Up to
				first 8 hours
				additional
249				hourly rate)
250	PW	Engineering Final Review		\$76

	A	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
	Lot Line Adjustment CD	Residential application fee		\$1,019 (Up to
				first 8 hours
				additional rate
251				@ actual)
252	PW	Engineering Final Review		\$152
253	Lot Line Elimination CD	Application Fee		\$442
254	PW	Engineering Final Review		\$152
255	Master Plan Development	Application Fee		\$26, 250
256		Per Acre charge		\$100
257	Development Agreement	Application Fee		\$1,575
258		Staff Review Time		Staff hours
259	Annexation			
				\$10,000
260				deposit, cost
261	Postage			Cost
	Conditional Use	Application Fee		\$2,918 (Up to
				first 24 hours
				additional cost
262				@ actual)
263		Engineering Review		\$304
	Administrative Conditional Use	Application Fee		\$1,459 (Up to
				fist 12 hours
				additional cost
264				@ actual)
	Variance	Single Family Lot		\$1,944 (Up to
265				first 16 hours)
		All Others		\$2,384 (Up to
				first 20 hours
				additional cost
266				@ actual)
	Administrative Variance	Application Fee		\$1,504 (Up to
				first 12 hours
				additional
267				cost@actual)
	Accessory Dwelling Unit	Application Fee		\$1,064 (Up to
				first 8 hours
				additional
268				cost@actual)
269	Shoreline Exemption	Application Fee		\$487

	A	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
	Shoreline Substantial Development	Application Fee		\$2,824 (Up to
				first 24 hours
				additional cost
270				@ actual)
	Shoreline Variance Fee	Application Fee		\$2,824 (Up to
				first 24 hours
				additional
271				hourly rate)
	Shoreline Conditional Use	Application Fee		\$2,824 (Up to
				first 24 hours
				additional
				hourly rate @
272				actual)
				\$2,824 (Up to
				first 24 hours
				additional cost
273	Site Plan Review	Application Fee		@ actual)
274		Engineering Review		\$100 per acre
	Comprehensive Plan Amendment	Application Fee		\$2,734 (Up to
				first 24 hours
				additional cost
275				@ actual)
	Text Amendment, Title 16-19	Application Fee		\$2,734 (Up to
				first 24 hours
				additional
276				hourly rate)
	Rezone	Application Fee		\$2,734 (Up to
				first 24 hours
				additional cost
277				@ actual)
	SEPA Checklist			\$597 (Up to
				first 5 hours
				additional cost
278				@ actual)
279		for a selected to the selected		6267
280		for each additional study		\$267

In the review of a land-use permit application, including but not limited to environmental (SEPA) review, the City may determine that such review requires the retention of professional consultant services. In addition to the above development fees that an applicant is required to submit, the applicant shall also be responsible for reimbursing the City for the cost of professional consultant services if the City determines that such services are necessary to complete its review of the application submittal. The City may also require the applicant to deposit an amount with the City which is estimated, at the discretion of the Community Development Director, to be sufficient to cover anticipated costs of retaining professional consultant services and ensure reimbursement to the City for such costs.

	А	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
		·		
282	Environmental Impact Statement	Per consultant contract		Contract
1	Appeal of Administrative Decision	Where the appellant prevails		
	(filing fee is \$487.00, which must be	in the appeal, reimbursement		
283	paid before the appeal deadline)	may be requested of the City.		\$487
	Appeal of SEPA Decision (filing fee is	Where the appellant prevails		
	\$487.00, which must be paid before	in the appeal, reimbursement		
284	the appeal deadline)	may be requested of the City.		\$487
	Appeal of Notice of Violation Fee	Where the appellant prevails		
	(filing fee is \$487.00, which must be	in the appeal, reimbursement		
285	paid before the appeal deadline)	may be requested of the City.		\$487
	Temporary Use Permit	After fee is paid the City's		
		actual costs will be charged		
286		-		\$532
	Transfer Development Rights	Application Fee		\$525
288		per development credit		\$50
	Treasured Place Status			\$263
290	Reasonable Use Exception	Application Fee		\$487
				\$1,147 (Up to
				first 10 hours
				additional cost
	Sensitive Areas Permit	Application Fee		@ actual)
292	Sensitive Area Utility Exception	Application Fee		\$1,050
				\$487 (Up to first 4 hours
				additional cost
202	Formal Code Interpretation	Application Foo		
	Pre-Application Meeting	Application Fee 1 hour meeting/review		@ actual) \$267
295		Additional Meetings		Staff time
233		Additional Weetings		\$880 (Up to
				first 8 hours
				additional cost
296	Hearing Examiner	Hearing Fee		@ actual)
297		Plus Examiner Costs		Actual Cost
	Public Notice Boards	Per BDMC 18.08		Actual Cost
	BDMC 2.62.012 may require the post		actual city costs f	
299	permits.	,	.,	
	Late Fee (If not paid within 30 days			
300	of invoicing)	Per Month		\$25

	А	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
301		BUILDING PERMIT FEES		
302		General		
	Total Project Valuation			
304	\$1.00 to \$500			\$35
	\$501 to \$2,000			\$35 for first
				\$500. plus \$7
				for each
				additional \$100
				or fraction
				thereof up to
				and including
				\$2,000
305				
	\$2,001 to \$25,000			\$140 for first
				\$2,000 plus \$17
				per each
				additional
				\$1,000 or
				fraction thereof
				up to and
				including
306				\$25.000
	\$25,001 to \$50,000			\$531 for the
				first \$25,000
				plus \$14 for
				each additional
				\$1,000 or
				fraction
				thereof, to and
				including
307				\$50,000.
307	\$50,001 to \$100,000			\$881 for the
	, ,			first \$50,000
				plus \$13 for
				each additional
				\$1,000 or
				fraction
				thereof, to and
				including
				\$100,000.
308				, 100,000

	А	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
	\$100,001 to \$500,000			\$1,531 for first
				\$100,000 plus
				\$13 per each
				additional
				\$1,000 or
				fraction thereof
				up to and
				including
309				\$500,000
	\$500,001 to \$1,000,000			\$6,731 for first
	3500,001 to \$1,000,000			\$500,000 plus
				\$9 per each
				· ·
				additional
				\$1,000 or
				fraction thereof
				up to and
				including
240				\$1,000,000.
310	Ć1 000 000 and Un			¢11 221 for the
	\$1,000,000 and Up			\$11,231 for the
				first \$1,000,000
				plus \$9 per
				each additional
				\$1,000 or
				fraction
				thereof.
244				
311	Duilding Dlan Chaste Fac	Pasad on project valuation		65% of permit
242	Building Plan Check Fee	Based on project valuation		· .
312	Other Inspections and Face	per IBC 2012 Section 109		\$138 Per Hour
212	Other Inspections and Fees			\$200 deposit,
21/	Change of Use w/o a Tl	Permit fee and deposit		Actual cost
	Re-Roof permit Residential	Permit fee and deposit		\$138
212	Re-Roof permit Commercial/MF	Permit fee and plan check		Based on
	ne-noor permit commercial/wir	l crimiciee and plan check		valuation, see
				Building Permit
316				section
210	Miscellaneous Permit	Permit fee		Section
	IVIISCEIIAIICOUS FEITIIIL	i citiii iee		\$100 deposit
317				and actual cost
31/	Investigation Fee- work w/o a	Permit fee		Double
		remit iee		required permit
210	permit			
318				fees
210	Tomporary Cartificate of Courses	Por 20 day TCO		\$263
	Temporary Certificate of Occupancy Permit Extension	Per 30 day TCO		ćco
-		180 day extension		\$50
	Application Extension	90 day extension		\$50
322	Consultant/Peer Review	Consultant fees		per contract

	А	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
				\$138
323	Coal Mine Hazard Report Review			
	1. Inspections outside of normal			\$172
324	business hours			
325	2. Re-Inspection fees			\$86
	3. Inspections for which no fee is			\$86 per hour,
	specifically indicated			minimum
				charge, one
326				hour
	4. Additional plan review due to			\$86 per hour,
	additions or revisions to plans			minimum
				charge, one
327				hour
	5. Additional plan review due to			\$86 per hour,
	Deferred Submittals			minimum
				charge, one
328				hour
	6. For use outside consultants for			Actual cost
	plan checking and inspections or			
329	both			
	Or the total hourly cost to the jurisdic	tion, whichever is the		Actuals
	greatest. This cost shall include super	vision, equipment, hourly		
	wage and fringe benefits of the emplo	yees involved.		
330				
331				
332				
333		MECHANICAL PERMIT		
334				4200
	New Single Family Residence -			\$200
335	Permit			CEN/ - F
	Commercial Mechanical Permit Plan			65% of
226	Review			mechanical
336				permit fee
	For each appliance or piece of equipm	,		\$14
	Mechanical Code but not classed in ot			
337	for which no other fee is listed in the table.			

	A A	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description	Č	Fee
	Permit Issuance and Heaters	Description		
				\$50
	1. For issuing a mechanical permit			·
339	associated with a building permit			
	For issuing a mechanical permit			\$138
	not associated with a current			
340	building permit			
	3. Technology Fee-PLM/MEC			\$45
	Unit Fee Schedule (Note: the			
	following do not include permit			
342	issuing fee)			
343	1. Furnaces			
	For the installation or relocation of fo	rced-air or gravity-type		\$20
	furnace or burner, including ducts and	d vents attached to such		
344	appliance up to and including 100,000) btu/h (29.3kW)		
	For the installation or relocation of fo	rced-air or gravity-type		\$23
	furnace or burner, including ducts and	vents attached to such		
245	appliance over 100,000 Btu/h (29.3kV	V)		
345		ab acceptant de debagge		ćac
	For the installation or relocation of ea			\$26
	recessed wall heater or floor mounted	unit neater		
347	2. Appliance Vents			
	For the installation, relocation or repl	• • •		\$23
	vent installed and not included in an a	appliance permit		
348				
	3. Repairs or Additions			
	For the repair of, the alternation of, o	r addition to each heating		\$17
	appliance, refrigeration unit, cooling (unit, absorption unit, or each		
	heating, cooling, absorption or evapo	rative cooling system,		
	including installation of controls regul	ated by the Mechanical Code		
		•		
350				
	4. Boilers, Compressors and			
351	Absorption Systems			4
	For the installation or relocation of ea	ach hoiler or compressor to		\$22
	and including 3 horsepower (10.6kW)			
352	and including 1,000,000 BTU/h	or each absorption system to		
332	and including 1,000,000 B10/ii			\$36
	For the installation or relocation of ea	ch hoiler or compressor over 3		φσσ
	horsepower (10.6kW) to and including	•		
	each absorption system over 500,000			
353	including 1,000,000 btu/h (293.1kW).			
333				\$51
	For the installation or relocation of ea	ch boiler or compressor over		731
	15 horsepower (105kW) to and include	·		
	each absorption system over 1,000,00			
354	including 1,750,000 btu/h (512.9kW).			

	А	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
355	30 horsepower (105kW) to and includ	or the installation or relocation of each boiler or compressor over 0 horsepower (105kW) to and including 50 horsepower (176kW) or ach absorption system over 1,000,000btu/h (293.1kW) to and acluding 1,750,000 btu/h (512.9kW).		
356	For the installation or relocation of ea 50 horsepower (176kW), or each abso btu/h (512.9kW)	•		\$120
357	5. Air Handlers			
	For each air handling unit to and incluminute (cfm) (4719 L/s), including due This fee does not apply to an air-hand factory-assembled appliance cooling sabsorption unit for which a permit is rechanical Code.	cts attached thereto (Note: ling unit which is a portion of a system, evaporative cooler or		\$15
358		20.5.7474017		das
359	For each air-handling unit over \$10,00	00 cfm (4/19 L/s)		\$26
360	6. Evaporative Cooler			
361	For each evaporative cooler other tha	n a portable type.		\$15
362	7. Ventilation and Exhaust			Ć42
363	For each ventilation fan connected to	a single duct		\$12
364	For each ventilation system which is nair-conditioning system authorized by	· · · · ·		\$15
365		-		\$15
366	8. Incinerators			
	For the installation or relocation of ea	ch domestic-type incinerator		\$26
367				
	For the installation or relocation of ea	ch commercial or industrial		\$22
260	type incinerator			
368 369	9. Gas Piping			
	Gas piping systems 1-5 outlets			\$10
371	For each additional gas outlet over 5			\$6
372	Hazardous process piping system (HPI	P)		
373		1-4 outlets		\$10
374		each outlet over 5		\$6
	10. Miscellaneous			
376				
377				

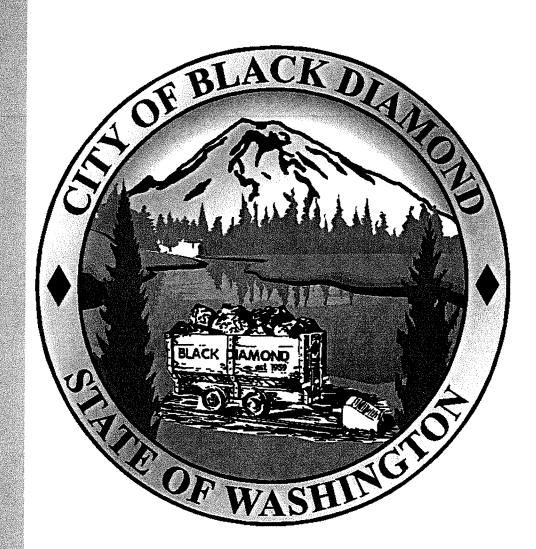
	Α	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
378	Technology Fee	per application		\$45
		per \$10,000 in project value		\$3
379		(graduated)		
	The technology fee for permit tracking	g software costs is assessed for	each of the follow	ing
	transactions: building permits, fire pe	rmit, sign permit, demolition pe	ermit, right-of-way	y use permit and
	most land use permits. A technology	fee will be assessed at land use	application subm	ittal.
380				
381	Other Inspections and Fees 1. Inspections outside of normal business.	acc hours, por hour		\$240
	(minimum charge 2 hours)	less flours, per flour		3240
382	(Illillillidill Charge 2 Hours)			
	2. Inspections for which no fee is spec	cifically indicated, per hour		\$120
383	(minimum charge one-half hour)			
303	3. Revisions to plans or to plans for w	hich an initial review has been		\$60
	completed (minimum charge one-half			φoo
384		·		
385		PLUMBING PERMIT		
386	Permit Issuance			¢200
207	New Single Family Residence -			\$200
387	Permit 1. For issuing a plumbing permit asso	sisted with a building normit		¢20
388	For issuing a plumbing permit asso	clated with a building permit		\$38
300	For issuing a plumbing permit not	associated with a current		\$100
	building permit	associated with a current		7100
389				
390	3. For issuing each supplemental perr	nit		\$15
_	4. Technology Fee - PLM/MEC			\$45
001	Unit Fee Schedule (Note the following	do not include permit-issuing		7
	fee)	,		
392	·			
		_		
	1. For each additional plumbing fixtur	•		
	fixtures on one trap (including water,	drainage piping and back flow		*
393	protection thereof.			\$12
394	2. For each building sewer and each t	railer park sewer		\$23
	-			440
395	3. Rainwater systems - per drain (insi	de building)		\$12
396	4. For each water heater and/or vent			\$9
	5. For each industrial waste pretreatr	nent interceptor including its		\$12
	trap and vent except kitchen-type gre	ase interceptors functioning as		
	fixture traps.			
397				4
	6. For each installation, alteration or	repair or water piping and/or		\$12
398	water treatment, each			
220	7. For each repair or alteration of a d	rainage or vent pining each		\$12
	fixture	amage or vent piping, cacin		γ12
399				

	А	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
	8. For each lawn sprinkler system on	any one meter including back		\$12
	flow protection devices thereof.			
400		diamana di mali da di mitana 43.		
	9. For atmospheric-type vacuum brea	ikers not included in item 12:		
401	1+- 5			¢10
402	1 to 5			\$10
403	over 5, each			\$6
	10. For each backflow protective dev	ice other than atmospheric		
	type vacuum breakers:	de dener man demospherie		
10.	type vacaam breakers.			
405	2 inch (51mm) diameter and smalle	er		\$12
406	·			\$23
	over 1 men (o 1 mm) and meter			Ψ=0
407	11. For initial installation and testing	for a reclaimed water system		\$40
	12. For each annual cross-connection	testing of a reclaimed water		
	system (excluding initial test)			\$40
				, , ,
	13. For each medical gas piping syste	m service one to five inlet(s)		
409	9 for a specific gas			
410	14. For each additional medical gas ir	ulet(s)/outlet(s)		\$10
411		OTHER		ÇIO
\vdash	1. Inspections outside of normal	• <u>-</u>		\$200
	business hours			,
	2. Re-inspection fee			\$138
	3. Inspections for which no fee is			\$138
414	specifically indicated			
	4. Additional plan review required			\$93
	by changes, additions or revisions to			
	approved plans (minimum charge			
	one-half hour)			
415				
	Demo-SFR out building etc.	Permit fee and deposit		\$120 permit,
416				\$1000 deposit
	Relocation Permit			\$250
_	Mobile Home Title Elimination	Permit fee		\$138
	Driveway (stand alone)	expansion and new		\$250
420				
	Fuel/Oil Tank	Base permit fee		\$138
421	Decommission/Remove			
		Plan review and inspection		per contract
422		fee		6426
	Residential LPG Tanks	Base Permit Fee		\$126
424		Tank Under 125 gal.		\$46
425		126-500 gal.		\$74
426		501 and up, additional		\$100
427		Each 500 gal additional		\$126

	A	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
428		FIRE PERMIT		
	Commercial Building Permit	Plan review and inspection		per contract
429	_	fee		
	Multi-family Building Permit	Plan review and inspection		per contract
430		fee		
	Single-family Building Permit	Plan review and inspection		per contract
431		fee		
	Annual Code Enforcement			per contract
432	Inspection			
433	Final and correction inspections			per contract
434	Fire Permit	Base fee		\$105
	Fire Sprinkler/Alarm Sys. Rev	Plan review and inspection		per contract
435		fee		
436		PUBLIC WORKS-WATER		
437	Water Connection Fee	Per BDMC 13.04.295		
	Drop In Meter Charges			
439	5/8" meter	City Installed		\$500
	3/4" meter	City Installed		\$500
	1" meter	City Installed		\$600
	1 1/2" meter thru 6" meter	City Installed		meter cost
443	Irrigation 5/8" meter	City Installed		\$500
444	Cross Connection Control	Per Occurrence		\$138
	In-Fill Lots Installation of Water	Homeowner Incurs ALL Costs,		Deposit \$1,000
	Service Charges	Plus Deposit per BDMC		
445		13.040.050		
	Water Service Line			\$138
446	Review/Inspection Fee			
	Unauthorized connection fine	No Meter Present or		\$1,200
447		Bypassing		
		Others		Per BDMC
448				13.04.295
449	Back Flow Device Inspection			\$138
	Water Investigation Needs Report	Residential (Not required for		\$105
		lots within approved city		
		subdivisions and short plats)		
450				
		Multi-Family, Commercial,		\$210
451		Industrial, Public		
	Hydraulic Model for Water System	Note: Some applications will		Actual cost
		require the use of outside		
		consultants. See BDMC		
452		2.60.050		
453		Deposit		\$500

	A	В	С	D
1	Fee Title	Description		Fee
454	Water Equipment and Parts			Actual cost
455		SEWER		
456	Grease Interceptor	Per Occurrence		\$138
457	Reinsertion Fee	Per Occurrence		\$138
	Sewer Connection Fee			Per BDMC
458				13.20.080
459	Sewer Investigation Certificates	Residential		\$138
		Multi-Family, Commercial,		\$300
460		Industrial, Public		
461	Side Sewer Review/Inspection			\$138
	Engineered Hydraulic Flows to	Deposit Cost		Deposit \$1,000
462	Sewer System			
463		STORMWATER		
	Stormwater Drainage	Plan Review-per single family		\$138
464		lot		
		Inspection per single family		\$138
465		lot		
	Commercial Storm Water System	Per Inspection		\$138
466	Inspections			
467		OTHER		
	Public Works Final Inspection			\$138
468	Building Permit			
	Deviation of Public Works Standards	Application Fee		\$300
469				
	Traffic Engr. Review Fees	Note: Some applications will		Actual Cost
		require the use of outside		
		consultants. See BDMC		
470		2.60.050		
471		Deposit		\$1,000
	Review of	Per Occurrence		\$138
472	Resubmitted/Reinpsection			
	Inspections Outside Business Hours			\$176
473				
474				
475				4 "
	Equipment Fee w/o Operator	City Dump Truck		\$75/hour
477		City Vehicle		\$50/hour
478		City Backhoe		\$75/hour
		Miscellaneous Small Utility		\$30/hour
479		Equipment		
480		Shoulder Mower		\$75/hour
481		Riding Mower		\$30/hour
482		Parts		Actual Cost
	Temporary Erosion Sediment Control	Inspection \$500 deposit		Per Inspection
483				\$138

2013 FEE SCHEDULE



Adopted by Council 02/07/2013

	POLICE	
TYPE		rk FEE
Animal License		By King Co Ordinan
Fingerprinting	Non-Resident	\$15.0
Fingerprinting	Resident	\$10.0
בייייים אוייייים	1	
Equipment Deposit	refundable	\$350.0
Electronic Monitoring (police)	Per Day, payable in advance	\$17.0
Hook Up Fee	One Time Application Fee (non-refundable)	\$25.0
	within 20 mile radius	Current IRS Ra
	outside 20 mile radius	Current IRS Ra
Concoded Distal Listers		
Concealed Pistol License	Original License	\$52.5
Original Renewal	Original License Valid License Renewal	\$32.0
Late	Within 90 days after expiration	\$42.0
Replacement	Within 90 days arter expiration	\$10.0
Process Service		\$25.0
Mileage for process service		Current IRS Rat
False Alarm Responses	First Occurrence	Nor
aise viaim veshouses	Second Occurrence per year	\$50.0
	Third or more per year	\$75.0
	1 ma or maro por Jour	1
Discovery	No charge for one copy of documents provided in compliance with defense requests on Muni Court cases	\$0.0
	others:	\$0.1
Civil Service Testing	Per Applicant	Contract w/ Public Safety Testin
Work Release	Per day, payable in advance	Contract Amour
Fraffic Safety School		\$200.0
		1-20.0
Booking Processing Fee	Per booking	Contract Rat
Police reports	Per Case Reports	\$0.15 per pag
Photographs	T	T
Copies	each	\$0.19
2D Baseduction	Tooch)
CD Reproduction Audio Tape Reproduction	each	\$1.50 \$1.50
xpungements	Gaul	\$35.0
Apungamenta		1 \$33.00
irearms Clearance Letter	For Foreign Countries	\$15.0
ocal Record Clearance Letter	In-House Records Check	\$15.0
ehicle Storage	For other PD only, per day	\$1.50
	1	
Vork Crew	screening fee (non-refundable)	\$25.00
	per day, state fee	\$15.00
	_1	<u> </u>

	PUBLIC WORKS - GENERAL	an company
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE
Erosion Sediment Control	Plan Review - per single family lot	\$35.00
	Inspection Fee - per single family lot	\$110.00
Stormwater Drainage	Plan Review per single family lot	\$110.00
	Inspection per single family lot	\$110.00
Final Inspect - Building Permit		\$110.00
Deviation of Public Works Standards	Application fee	\$300.00
Traffic Engineering Review Fees	Note: some applications will require the use of outside consultants. See BDMC 2.60.050	Actual cost plus 10%
	Deposit	\$1,000.00
Revision/Resubmittals	hourly rate	\$110.00
Inspections outside of Business Hours	hourly rate, 2hr. Minimum	\$142.50
Annual Inspections (CCC, Storm Systems, Grease Interceptor)	hourly rate	\$110.00
Reinspection Fee		\$110.00

	PUBLIC WORKS -STREETS	The second secon
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE
Right-of-Way Use Permit	incld. 2 Inspect. & 1/2hr City Review	\$263.00
ROW Extra Inspection	1 hour minimum, per hour	\$110.00
ROW Extra City Staff Review	1 hour minimum, per hour	\$50.00
Fines- ROW Use Permits	Failure to call for an inspection	\$1,000.00
Street Cleaning		Cost, plus 10%
Street Signs Charge	Sign Purchase	Actual cost plus 10%
	Installation	Hourly Rates
Street, Alley, City Property	Application Fees	\$788.00
Vacations	Deposit	\$1,000.00
U.L.I.D. or L.I.D.	City Costs	Actual Costs plus 10%

PUBLIC WORKS - WATER	Programme and the second
DESCRIPTION	
no meter present or bypassing	\$1,200.00
T	Cost plus actual staff time
After Business Hours, 2 hour min.	staff time
City water, sewer, & stormwater only (excluding KC Metro)	50%
	no meter present or bypassing After Business Hours, 2 hour min. City water, sewer, & stormwater only (excluding

	PUBLIC WORKS - WATER (cont'd)	
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE
DROP IN METER CHARGES		
5/8" meter	City Installed	\$500.0
3/4" meter	City Installed	\$500.0
1" meter	City Installed	\$600.0
1-1/2" meter thru 6" meter	City Installed	meter cost, plus 10°
Irrigation 5/8" meter	City Installed	\$500.0
Installation of water service charges	Homeowner incurs ALL costs, plus deposit per BDMC 13.040.050	Deposit \$1000.0
Installation Re-Inspection Fees	per hour, 1/2 hour minimum	\$110.0
Cap. Facilities Connection Fee	per ERU	Per BDMC 13.04.29
Door Hanger Charge, Warning		\$10.00
Door Hanger w/ Shut Off		\$20.00
Unpaid Account Reconnect Fee	During Working Hours	\$25.00
	After Working Hours Holidays	1 1/2 time, 2hr minimun Double Time, 2hr minimun
	, ionaays	Double Time, 211 Minimum
Lien Release		\$120.00
Meter Rental/water purchase	Collect Deposit, Connect Fee, Rental Rate	Deposit \$1000.00
	Connection Fee dbl. current basic rate plus	Rental, per day \$25.00
	Connection Fee dbl. current basic rate plus	Rental, per week \$100.00
······································	Connection Fee dbl. current basic rate plus	Rental, per month \$250.00
Water Investigation Certificates	Residential	\$105.00
rvater investigation Certificates	Multi-Family, Commercial, Industrial, Public	\$105.00
lydraulic Model for Water System	Note: some applications will require the use of outside consultants. See BDMC 2.60.050	Actual cost plus 10%
	Deposit	\$500.00
Ion-Account Water Purchase		Double out of city rates
Vater Equipment and Parts		Actual Costs plus 10%

TYPE	DESCRIPTION F	EE THE STATE OF TH
Sewer Connection Fee		Per BDMC 13.20.080
Sewer Investigation Certificates	Residential	\$105.00
	Multi-family, Commercial, Industrial, Public	\$210.00
Side Sewer Review/Inspection		\$110.00
Engineered Hydraulic Flows to Sewer System	Deposit	\$1,000.00
PW Plan Review		Hourly rate

TYPE	JBLIC WORKS - CLEARING & GRADING IDESCRIPTION	/ IFEE
Clearing & Grading Permit Fee	Permit Fee	\$200.0
Clearing & Grading Ferrit Fee	Inspection Fee	3% of total cost of the project
	Plan Review Fee	O N OF total cook of the project
	Clearing Only	\$74.00
	0-50 Cubic Yards	\$137.0
	51-100 Cubic Yards	\$252.00
	101-1.000 Cubic Yards	\$536.00
	1.001-10.000 Cubic Yards	\$798.00
	10, 001-100,000 Cubic Yards	\$1,050.00
	100,001-Cubic Yards and up	\$1,302.00
Civil Plan-Commercial, Multi- Family, Short Plat Projects	Engineering Plan Review Fee	hour rate if review exceeds 5
		hour rate if review exceeds thours, as outlined in Note 1
	Engineering Permit Fee	hour rate if review exceeds 5 hours, as outlined in Note 1 \$315.00
		\$494.00 (plus an additional per hour rate if review exceeds 5 hours, as outlined in Note 1 \$315.00 3% of total cost of the project
	Engineering Permit Fee Inspection Fee	hour rate if review exceeds 5 hours, as outlined in Note 1 \$315.00 3% of total cost of the project \$210.00
	Engineering Permit Fee Inspection Fee As-Built Review Fee Engineering Alternative Methods Request (per	hour rate if review exceeds 5 hours, as outlined in Note 1 \$315.00
Family, Short Plat Projects	Engineering Permit Fee Inspection Fee As-Built Review Fee Engineering Alternative Methods Request (per item)	hour rate if review exceeds 5 hours, as outlined in Note 1 \$315.00 3% of total cost of the project \$210.00 \$263.00 \$494.00 (plus an additional per hour rate if review exceeds 5

PUBLIC WO	ORKS - UTILITY EMERGENCY CAI	L OUT CHARGES
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1
Emergency Repair	Working hours, if prior locate	Time and materials
	Working hours, if no locate	3 times, time and materials
	After hours, if prior locate	1 1/2 Time and materials
	After hours, no locate	3 Times, 1 1/2 time and material
	Holidays	Double time to above rates
Equipment Fee without Operator	City Dump Truck	\$75.00 per hour
	City Vehicle	\$50.00 per hour
	City Backhoe	\$75.00 per hour
	Miscellaneous Utility Equipment	\$25.00 per hour
	Parts	Cost plus 10%

	PUBLIC WORKS - CEMETERY	
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE TO THE STATE OF THE STATE O
Opening and Closing	For Normal Lots	\$500.00
Opening and Closing	For Cremation	\$100.00
Single Lot Purchase		\$1,500.00
Double Lot Purchase (2 lots)		\$2,500.00
Saturday Service - Burial	11am to 1pm	\$1,000.00
Saturday Service - Cremation	11am to 1pm	\$250.00

	PUBLIC WORKS - CEMETERY (cont'd)	
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE SECTION OF THE SE
Liner		Actual Cost plus 10%
Liner Setting Fee		\$250.00
Liner Pickup & Delivery Fee	per unit	\$100.00
Vault		Actual Cost plus 10%
Vault Setting Fee		\$250.00
Vault Pickup & Delivery Fee	per unit	\$100.00
Niche	Single	\$325.00
	Double	\$425.00
Head Stone Placement	Normal, up to 44" x 20"	\$100.00
	Oversized Stone	\$.15 per square inch
Exhumation		Lesser of \$5000.00 or Actual Contract Cost

	PLANNING/LAND USE	egane gana tengente kebang apabah
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE
Consultant Fees	NOTE: some applications will require the use of outside consultants. See BDMC 2.60.050	Actual Cost plus 10%
	Deposit	\$1000 min, per consultant quote
Preliminary Plat	Base Application Fee	\$2,100.00
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	per lot charge	\$100.00
	Engineering Review - per lot charge	\$75.00
	Plat Alteration or Vacation	\$1,575.00
	Time Extension - 1 year	\$1,050.00
Final Plat	Base Application Fee	¢4 575 00
rilidi Fidi	per lot charge	\$1,575.00 \$100.00
	Engineering Final Review	\$300.00
Binding Site Plan	Base Application Fee	\$1,575.00
	per lot charge	\$100.00
Dealiminant Chart Diet	Dana Application For	£700.00
Preliminary Short Plat	Base Application Fee	\$788.00 \$400.00
	per lot charge Engineering Review - per lot charge	\$100.00
	modified short plat	\$75.00 \$788.00
	mounied short place	4, 55.55
Final Short Plat	Application Fee	\$788.00
	Engineering Final Review	\$300.00
Lat Line Adirestee and	[Pacidate Nation for	#04E 00
Lot Line Adjustment	Residential application fee Non-Residential application fee	\$315.00 \$630.00
	protestestual application fee	φου.υυ
Lot Line Elimination	Application Fee	\$263.00
Master Plan Development	Application Fee	\$26,250.00
mara. I mil maraiapinalit	per acre charge	\$100.00

	PLANNING/LAND USE (cont'	d)
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE AT THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O
Development Agreement	Application Fee	\$1,575.0
	staff review time	Staff Hours + 10%
Annexation	10% Notice of Intent	\$1,050.00
Alliexation	60% Petition	\$5000 deposit, actual staff time
	160% Petition	\$5000 deposit, actual stair time
Conditional Use	Application Fee	\$1,050.00
Administrative Conditional Use	Application Fee	\$263.00
Variance	Single Family Lot	\$525.00
Valiance	All Others	\$1,050.00
	All Others	\$1,050.00
Administrative Variance	Application Fee	\$263.00
Accessory Dwelling Unit	Application Fee	\$263.00
Accessory Dweining Crit	, approach i de	
Shoreline Exemption	Application Fee	\$105.00
Shoreline Substantial		
Development	Application Fee	\$1,050.00
Charolina Varianca	Tablication Eco	\$1,050,00
Shoreline Variance	Application Fee	\$1,050.00
Shoreline Conditional Use	Application Fee	\$1,050.00
Site Plan Review	Application Fee	\$788.00
Ollo Filan Filotro	Engineering Review	\$300.00
	Tangarioting rooter	
Comp Plan Amendment	Application Fee	\$2,100.00
Text Amendment, Title 16-19	Application Fee	\$2,100.00
Text Amendment, Title 10-13	Application Fee	\$2,100.00
Rezone	Application Fee	\$1,050.00
SEPA Checklist	Tur/ land upg as posmit application	\$420.00
SEPA Checkist	w/ land use or permit application w/o permit application	\$525.00
	for each additional study	\$263.00
Environmental Impact Statement	Per consultant contract	Actual Costs plus 10%
Appeal of Administrative Decision	Application Fee	\$263.00
Appeal of SEPA action	Application Fee	\$263.00
Appeal of Notice of Violation	Application Fee	\$263.00
Tamparas I Ilaa Darmii	Application For	\$105.00
emporary Use Permit	Application Fee	\$105.00
ransfer Development Rights	Application Fee	\$525.00
	per development credit	\$50.00
	Treasured Place Status	\$263.00
	<u> </u>	

PLANNING/LAND USE (cont'd)		
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE
Tree Permit	Level 1 application Fee	\$263.00
	Level 2 application Fee	\$525.00
	Exemption Review	\$100.00
Reasonable Use Exception	Application Fee	\$263.00
Sensitive Areas Permit	Application Fee	\$525.00
October 7 Traces 1 Circuit	, pp	7
Sensitive Area Utility Exception	Application Fee	\$1,050.00
Formal Code Interpretation	Application Fee	\$158.00
Pre-Application Meeting	1 hour meeting and review of submittal	No Charge
,	Additional meetings	\$210.00
•		
Hearing Examiner	Hearing Fee	\$788.00
	actual costs	Hourly Rate + 10%
Public Notice Boards	Per BDMC 18.08	3rd Party Vendor Charge
Special Event Permit	1 day event	no charge
Opediar Everit i ennit	Multi-Day event requiring Council approval	\$200.00
	Multi-Day event requiring Council approval &	V
	charging an entry fee	\$200.00 + Hourly Staff Time
Signs	Т	
Wall Sign, non electric	25-50sf, 51-99sf, 100+ sf	\$105.00, \$155.00, \$205.00
Wall Sign, electric	25-50sf, 51-99sf, 100+ sf	\$125.00, \$175.00, \$225.00
Ground, non-electric	25-50sf, 51-99sf, 100+ sf	\$145.00, \$195.00, \$245.00
Ground, electric	25-50sf, 51-99sf, 100+ sf	\$165.0, \$215.00, \$265.00
All signs less than 25sf		\$95.00
Change of sign, all sizes		\$95.00
Permit Review	per hour	\$50.00

BDMC 2.62.012 may require the posting of a deposit and payment of actual city costs for certain permits.

Deposits that are listed on the General Fee Schedule are require to be paid in addition to the Permit Fees. The Deposit is used to cover staff costs, engineering, and or other professional consultant costs plus 10%. Deposits will be tracked on a monthly basis. If the cost exceeds the deposit, an additional deposit invoice will be sent in writing. If the additional deposit is not paid within 30 days, the city may discontinue review or work on the project or deem the project incomplete.

At the end of the project, the city will invoice in writing any final costs over the deposits, or refund any remaining balance to the person who made the deposit. Final invoices are due within 30 days.

	BUILDING -FIRE	
	DESCRIPTION	
Building Permit Fee	Based on Project Valuation	See page 10
Building Plan Check Fee	Based on Project Valuation	65% of permit fee, see page 10
Mechanical Permit	Flat Fee plus fixture count	See page 12
Plumbing Permit	Flat Fee plus fixture count	See page 11
Training Fee	Per application (I-Code permits only)	\$1.00
Change of Use w/o a TI	Permit Fee & Deposit	\$200 deposit, actual staff hours
Demo - SFR, out-building etc.	Permit Fee & Deposit	\$120 permit, \$1000 deposit
Relocation Permit (incl mfg home)		\$210.00
Mobile Home Title Elimination	Permit Fee	\$105.00
Driveway (stand alone)	expansion & new	\$210.00
Re-Roof permit - Residential	Permit Fee	\$105.00
Re-Roof permit - Commercial/ MF	Permit Fee & Plan Check	based on valuation, see page 10
Miscellaneous Permit	Permit Fee	\$100 deposit + actual hours
Investigation Fee-Work w/o a permit	Permit Fee	Double Req'd permit fees
Temporary Certificate of		
Occupancy	Per 30 day TCO	\$263.00
Permit Extension	180 day extension	\$50.00
Application Extension	90 day extension	\$50.00
Consultant/Peer Review	consultant fees	per contract plus 10%
Coal Mine Hazard Report Review		\$100.00
Fine Doswit	IRaca Fac	£105 00
Fire Permit Fire Sprinkler/Alarm System	Base Fee	\$105.00
Review	Plan Review & Inspection Fee	per contract plus 10%
Fireworks Display	Plan Review & Inspection Fee	per contract plus 10%
Temporary Fireworks Stand	Permit Fee	\$100.00
Temporary Fireworks Starta	Removal Bond-refundable	\$750.00
Fuel/Oil Tanks	Base Permit Fee	\$105.00
Decommission/Remove	Plan Review & Inspection Fee	per contract plus 10%
Residential LPG Tanks	Base Permit Fee	\$126.00
	Tank Under 125 gallons, additional	\$46.00
	126 to 500 gallons, additional	\$74.00
	501 gallons and up, additional	\$100.00
	Each 500 gallons additional	\$126.00

Technology Fee	per permit application	\$25.00
	per \$10,000 in project value	\$2.00

The technology fee is assessed for each of the following transactions: Building Permits, Fire Permit, Sign Permit, Demolition Permit, Right of Way Use Permit and most Land Use permits. Land Use Exemption applications are exempt from the fee. The fee is collected at the time of issuance for building permits and right-of-way use permits. A technology fee will be assessed at Land Use application submittal.

LICENSES		
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE 4
Regular Business License	Annual	Initial Fee \$70 Renewal \$60
Regular Business License (partial)	Pro-rate: 50% fee reduction after June 30	\$35.00
Temp Business License (30 days)	per 30 day license, maximum of 2 per year	\$15.00
Duplicate Business License	per copy	\$10.00
Relocation/Re-issue	business moves locations	\$10.00
Specialty Licenses	T	
Pawnbrokers	Yearly	\$100.00
Firearms Dealer	Federal Firearms License, yearly	\$125.00
Solicitors and mobile vendors	Annual	\$70.00
	Temporary (30 Days)	\$15.00
Carnivals, circus, and shows	per event	\$50.00
Adult Entertainment License	per establishment	\$1,000.00
·	operator license	\$100.00
	employees license	\$50.00
Utility License	Annual	\$60.00
		4 55.55
Penalty, Late Renewal Payment	Feb 1-28	\$10.00
	Mar 1-31	\$20.00
	April 1-30	\$30.00
	May 1 and after	double renewal fee, collections

CITY STAFF RATES		
TYPE		FEE January Committee Comm
City Administrator	Per Hour	\$94.00
Asst. City Administrator/City Clerk	Per Hour	\$84.00
Deputy City Clerk	Per Hour	\$50.00
Finance Director	Per Hour	\$70.00
Deputy Finance Director	Per Hour	\$58.00
Senior Accountant	Per Hour	\$40.00
Community Development Director	Per Hour	\$73.00
Permit Technician Supervisor	Per Hour	\$54.00
Permit Technician	Per Hour	\$44.00
Economic Development Director	Per Hour	\$75.00
Natural Resources	Per Hour	\$73.00
Building Official/Code Official	Per Hour	Per Contract + 10%
Building Plans Examiner	Per Hour	Per Contract + 10%
Public Works Director	Per Hour	\$80.00
Public Works Admin. Asst. 3	Per Hour	\$51.00
Utilities Supervisor	Per Hour	\$76.00
Utility Operator	Per Hour	\$47.00
Utility Worker	Per Hour	\$44.00
Facilities Coordinator	Per Hour	\$51.00
Police Chief	Per Hour	\$89.00
Police Officer w/ vehicle	Per Hour	\$75.00
Senior Associate Planner	Per Hour	\$48.00
nformation Services Manager	Per Hour	\$73.00

CITY STAFF RATES (cont'd)		
TYPE	DESCRIPTION **	FEE WELL WILLIAM
Clerical Staff	Per Hour	\$28.00
City Engineer		Per Contract + 10%
City Attorney		Per Contract + 10%
Landscape Architect		Per Contract + 10%
Consultant Planner		Per Contract + 10%
Other Consultant or Contractors		Per Contract + 10%
Hearing Examiner		Per Contract + 10%

	PARKS		
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE	
Liquor Use Permit	Per Event	\$25.00	
Overnight Camping Permit	Per Campsite	\$10.00	
Vending Permit	Per Event	\$50.00	
	Per Boat	\$10.00	
Parking Fee @ Boat Launch	Per Vehicle	\$5.00	

PASSPORTS	
	FEE MAGNITURE OF THE PROPERTY
le to the US Department of State. The	execution fee check is made payable to the
T	
Age 16 and over	\$110.0
	\$25.00
	Total \$135.00
Under Age 16	\$80.00
	\$25.00
	Total \$105.00
Age 16 and over	\$30.00
	\$25.00
	Total \$55.00
Under Age 16	\$15.00
	\$25.00
	Total \$40.00
	\$60.00
	\$150.00
Passport book only	\$12.72
	\$19.95
	DESCRIPTION Ille to the US Department of State. The Age 16 and over Under Age 16 Age 16 and over Under Age 16

	MISCELLANEOUS FEES	
TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FEE THE
Photocopying		
	Materials copied on the copier on legal, letter or	
	ledger size paper (includes packet material,	60.4
Oversize Documents/Plotter	ordinances, resolutions, minutes, contracts, etc.)	\$0.13
copies	per page, black & white	\$5.00
copies	per page, color	\$7.00
Duplication Audio Tapes CD's	Per tape/CD	\$1.50
CD or DVD Disk	Per disk	\$1.50
·		
Transcription Preparation	staff time or outside agency	actual cos
	Deposit	\$300.00
City Clerk Certification of Documents	per page	#4.0 0
Documents		\$1.00
King County Recording Fee	Per page, pass through King County fees	actual cost per King County
D-4 Ob		por oo
Return Check Fee Return Check Fee plus door		\$35.00
hanger for utility payments		\$45.00
nariger for durity payments		
City of Black Diamond Maps	T	\$5.00
Black Diamond Zoning Map	Oversized 18x24 or larger	\$7.00
•	11x17	\$3.00
Zoning Code		\$50.00
Comprehensive Plan		\$85.00
Water Comp Plan		\$80.00
Sewer Comp Plan		\$80.00
Municipal Code		Current Publishing Price
Public Works Standards		\$50.00
3D Design Standards &		
Guidelines 		\$50.00
Each Section		\$10.00

Exhibit 1

Table 1-A BUILDING PERMIT FEES

	The state of the s
TOTAL VALUATION	FEL
\$1.00 TO \$500.00	\$23.50
\$501.00 TO \$2,000.00	\$23.50 for the first \$500.00 plus \$3.05 for each additional \$100.00, or fraction thereof, to and including \$2,000.00
\$2,001.00 TO \$25,000.00	\$69.25 for the first \$2,000.00 plus \$14.00 for each additional \$1,000.00, or fraction thereof, to and including \$25,000.00
\$25,001.00 TO \$50,000.00	\$391.25 for the first \$25,000.00 plus \$10.10 for each additional \$1,000.00, or fraction thereof, to and including \$50,000.00
\$50,001.00 TO \$100,000.00	\$643.75 for the first \$50,000.00 plus \$7.00 for each additional \$1,000.00, or fraction thereof, to and including \$100,000.00
\$100,001.00 TO \$500,000.00	\$993.75 for the first \$100,000.00 plus \$5.60 for each additional \$1,000.00, or fraction thereof, to and including \$500,000.00
\$500,001.00 TO \$1,000,000.00	\$3,233.00 for the first \$500,000.00 plus \$4.75 for each additional \$1,000.00, or fraction thereof, to and including \$1,000,000.00
\$1,000,001.00 AND UP	\$5608.75 for the first \$1,000,000.00 plus \$3.65 for each additional \$1,000.00, or fraction thereof
Other Inspectious and Fees:	
 Inspections outside of no (Minimum charge – two 	rmal business hours
2. Re-Inspection fees	\$104.15 per assessment
3. Inspections for which no (Minimum charge – one)	fee is specifically indicated
 Additional plan review de (Minimum charge – one l 	ue to additions or revisions to plans\$104.15 per hour ¹
 Additional plan review do (Minimum charge – 1 hor 	ue to Deferred Submittals
	ts for plan checking and Inspections or bothActual cost + 20%
7 Plan review shall he 65%	of the nermit for when required

<u>Public Improvement Projects Fee Wavier.</u> The city administrator may, in his discretion, waive any or all of the permit fees required under the Uniform Building Code and any amendments thereto, for any public improvement project for which the city is providing some or all of the funding for said project.

Or the total hourly cost to the jurisdiction, whichever is the greatest. This cost shall include supervision, overhead, equipment, hourly wages and fringe benefits of the employees involved.

7. Plan review shall be 65% of the permit fee when required.

Exhibit 2 - PLUMBING PERMIT FEES

Permit Issuance

For issuing a plumbing permit associated with a building permit	
For issuing a plumbing permit not associated with a current building permit.	\$100.00
3. For issuing each supplemental permit	\$12.00
4. Technology Fee - PLM/MEC	\$5.00

Unit Fee Schedule (note the following do not include permit-issuing fee):

Unit Fee Schedule (note the following do not include permit-issuing fee):	
For each additional plumbing fixture on one trap or a set of fixtures on one trap (including)	
water, drainage piping and back flow protection thereof)	\$9.00
For each building sewer and each trailer park sewer	\$19.00
Rainwater systems - per drain (inside building)	\$9.00
4. For each water heater and/or vent	\$9.00
5. For each industrial waste pretreatment interceptor including its trap and vent except kitchen-	
type grease interceptors functioning as fixture traps	\$9.00
6. For each installation, alteration or repair or water piping and/or water treatment, each	\$9.00
7. For each repair or alteration of a drainage or vent piping, each fixture	\$9.00
8. For each lawn sprinkler system on any one meter inclduing back flow protection devices	
thereof	\$9.00
For atmospheric-type vacuum breakers not includied in item 12:	
1 to 5	\$7.00
over 5, each	\$2.00
10. For each backflow protective device other than atmospheric type vacuum breakers:	
2 inch (51 mm) diameter and smaller	\$19.00
over 2 inch (51 mm) diameter	\$49.00
11. For initial installation and testing for a reclaimed water system	\$36.00
12. For each annual cross-connection testing of a reclaimed water system (excluding initial	
test)	\$36.00
13. For each medical gas piping system serving one to five inlet(s)/outlet(s) for a specific gas	\$61.00
14. For each additional medical gas inlet(s)/outlet(s)	\$7.00
15. Spa & Hot Tubs	
16. Swimming Pool	i
L	

Other Inspections and Fees:

1. Inspections outside of normal business hours	\$125.00
2. Re-inspection fee	\$93.00
3. Inspections for which no fee is specifically indicated	\$93.00
4. Additional plan review reauired by changes, additions or revisions to approved plans (min.	
charge one-half hour)	\$93.00

Exhibit 3 - MECHANICAL PERMIT FEES

Permit Issuance and Hea	ters	
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For issuing a mechanical permit associated with a building permit	\$40.00
2. For issuing a mechanical permit not associated with a current building permit.	\$100.00
2. For issuing each supplemental permit for which the original permit has not expired, been	
canceled or finaled	\$9.00
3. Technology Fee - PLM/MEC	\$5.00

Unit Fee Schedule (Note: the following do not include permit-issuing fee):

1. Furnaces

For the installation or relocation of forced-air or gravity-type furnace or burner, including ducts and vents attached to such appliance up to and including 100,000 btu/h (29.3kW)	\$18.00
For the installation or relocation of forced-air or gravity-type furnace or burner, including ducts and vents attached to such appliance over 100,000 Btu/h (29.3kW)	\$22.00
For the installation or relocation of each floor furnace, including vent	\$18.00
For the installation or relocation of each suspended heater, recessed wall heater or floor mounted tunit heater	\$18.00

2. Appliance Vents

For the installation, relocation or replacement of each appliance vent installed and not included in	
lan appliance permit	\$9.00

3. Repairs or Additions

For the repair of, the alteration of, or addition to each heating appliance, refrigeration unit, cooling	
unit, absorption unit, or each heating, cooling, absorption or evaporative cooling system, including	
installation of controls regulated by the Mechanical Code	\$17.00

4. Boilers, Compressors and Absorption Systems

For the installation or relocation of each boiler or compressor to and including 3 horsepower	
(10.6kW) or each absorption system to and including 1,000,000 BTU/h	\$18.00
For the installation or relocation of each boiler or compressor over 3 horsepower (10.6kW) to and including 15 horsepower (52.7kW) to and including 30 horsepower (105.5kW) or each absorption	
system over 500,000btu/h (146.6kW) to and including 1,000,000 Btu/h (293.1kW)	\$45.00
For the installation or relocation of each boiler or compressor over 30 horsepower (105.5kW) to and	
including 50 horsepower (176kW) or each absorption system over 1,000,000btu/h (293.1kW) to and including 1,750,000 Btu/h (512.9kW)	\$67.00
For the installation or relocation of each boiler or compressor over 50 horsepower (176kW), or each	
absorption system over 1,750,000 Btu/h (512.9kW)	\$112.00

5. Air Handlers

5. Air handlers	
For each air handling unit to and including 10,000 cubic feet per minute (cfm) (4719 L/s), including	
ducts attached therto (Note: This fee does not apply to an air-handling unit which is a portion of a factory-assembled	
appliance cooling system, evaporative cooler or absorption unit for which a permit is required elsewhere in the Mechanical	
Code)	\$14.00
For each air-handling unit over 10,000 cfm (4719 L/s)	\$22.00
6. Evaporative Cooler	
For each evaporative cooler other than a portable type	\$14.00
7. Ventilation and Exhaust	
For each ventilation fan connected to a single duct	\$9.00
·	
For each ventilation system which is not a portion of any heating or air-conditioning system	
authorized by a permit	\$14.00
For the installation of each hood which is served by a mechanical exhaust, including the ducts for	
each hood	\$14.00
8. Incenerators	
For the installation or relocation of each domestic-type incinerator	\$18.00
	<u> </u>
For the installation or relocation of each commercial or industrial type incinerator	\$18.00
of the installation of relocation of each commercial of industrial type incinerator	\$10.00
9. Gas Piping	
	647.00
Gas piping systems 1-5 outlets	\$17.00
For each additional gas outlet over 5	\$3.00
10. Miscellaneous	
For each appliance or piece of equipment regulated by the Mechanical Code but not classed in	
other appliance categories or for which no other fee is listed in the table	\$14.00
Other Inspections and Fees:	
Inspections outside of normal business hours, per hour (min. charge 2 hours)	\$125.00
2. Inspections for which no fee is specifically indicated, per hour (min. charge one-half hour)	\$93.00
3. Revisions to plans or to plans for which an initial review has been completed (min. charge one-	7-3.50
half hour)	\$93.00
	7-3.00

^{*}Building Official Contract fee + 10%

CITY COUNCIL AGENDA BILL

City of Black Diamond Post Office Box 599 Black Diamond, WA 98010

ITEM INFORMATION			
SUBJECT:		Agenda Date: May 7, 2015	AB15-039
AB15-039		Mayor Carol Benson	
Resolution authorize	ing a grant	City Administrator	
application to the K		City Attorney Carol Morris	
Community Develop		City Clerk – Brenda L. Martinez	
(CDBG) program fo		Com Dev/Nat Res –	
Housing Accessibilit		Finance – May Miller	
project	J P	MDRT/Ec Dev – Andy Williamson	
Cost Impact (see also F	iscal Note): \$170,000	Police – Chief Kiblinger	
potential revenue	, . ,		
Fund Source: King Cou	nty CDBG	Public Works – Seth Boettcher	X
Timeline: May 2015	•	Court – Stephanie Metcalf	
·			
Agenda Placement:	Mayor Two Co	ouncilmembers Committee Chair	City Administrator
	ution No. 15-1027; co		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	T. T.	
SUMMARY STATE	MFNT·		
		elopment (Rainier View) currently of	loes not have ADA
	_	•	
		ffice. Public Works staff proposes ren	
		aker St. and replacing it with new sign	
		. A new curb ramp on the existing side	
		across Baker St. to allow pedestrian	_
pedestrian facilities. This project will need to be added to the upcoming Transportation			
Improvement Plan update.			
Improvement run apatte.			
FISCAL NOTE (Fi	nance Denartment)		
		Crant If approved this would now \$1	15 000 to Vina
		Grant. If approved this would pay \$1	
		w. The remaining \$155,000 be used for	
	imbursement of City	y project management costs. There is	no match
requirement.			
COUNCIL COMMIT	TEE REVIEW AND	RECOMMENDATION:	
Public Works Comm	ittee recommends appr	roval	
RECOMMENDED A	CTION: MOTION	N to adopt Resolution 15-1027,	authorizing the
		<u>-</u>	_
Mayor to execute a grant application to the King County CDBG program for			
the King Count	y Housing Acces	sibility Improvements project.	
	RECORD	OF COUNCIL ACTION	
Meeting Date	Action	Vote	
May 7, 2015			

RESOLUTION NO. 15-1027

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON AUTHORIZING A GRANT APPLICATION TO THE KING COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) PROGRAM FOR THE KING COUNTY HOUSING ACCESSIBILITY IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT

WHEREAS, the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program requires that grant applications submitted by cities be signed by the Mayor and authorized by the City Council; and

WHEREAS, a copy of the City Council meeting minutes must be submitted with the application; and

WHEREAS, the King County Housing Accessibility Improvements project is a recommended addition to the City's Transportation Improvement Plan; and

WHEREAS, City staff is seeking \$170,000 in this grant application;

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND, WASHINGTON, DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

<u>Section 1.</u> The Mayor is hereby authorized to execute a grant application to the King County CDBG program for the King County Accessibility Improvements project.

PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND, WASHINGTON, AT A REGULAR MEETING THEREOF, THIS 7TH DAY OF MAY, 2015.

	CITY OF BLACK DIAMOND:	
	Carol Benson, Mayor	_
Attest:		
Brenda L. Martinez, City Clerk		

